

A SIMPLE PROOF FOR MAHLER'S INEQUALITY

DANIEL SITARU - ROMANIA

If $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n > 0; n \in \mathbb{N}; n \geq 2$ then:

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)} &\geq \sqrt{x_1 x_2} + \sqrt{y_1 y_2} \\ \sqrt[3]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)(x_3 + y_3)} &\geq \sqrt[3]{x_1 x_2 x_3} + \sqrt[3]{y_1 y_2 y_3} \\ \sqrt[4]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)(x_3 + y_3)(x_4 + y_4)} &\geq \sqrt[4]{x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4} + \sqrt[4]{y_1 y_2 y_3 y_4} \\ \sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)} &\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n} \end{aligned}$$

Proof.

$$\frac{x_1}{x_1 + y_1} + \frac{x_2}{x_2 + y_2} + \dots + \frac{x_n}{x_n + y_n} \stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} n \cdot \sqrt[n]{\frac{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n}{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}}$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{x_1}{x_1 + y_1} + \frac{x_2}{x_2 + y_2} + \dots + \frac{x_n}{x_n + y_n} \geq \frac{n \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n}}{\sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}}$$

Analogous:

$$(2) \quad \frac{y_1}{x_1 + y_1} + \frac{y_2}{x_2 + y_2} + \dots + \frac{y_n}{x_n + y_n} \geq \frac{n \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n}}{\sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}}$$

By adding (1); (2):

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x_1 + y_1}{x_1 + y_1} + \frac{x_2 + y_2}{x_2 + y_2} + \dots + \frac{x_n + y_n}{x_n + y_n} &\geq \frac{n(\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n})}{\sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}} \\ \underbrace{1 + 1 + \dots + 1}_{\text{for } n \text{ times}} &\geq \frac{n(\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n})}{\sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}} \\ n &\geq \frac{n(\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n})}{\sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)}} \\ \sqrt[n]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2) \cdots (x_n + y_n)} &\geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \sqrt[n]{y_1 y_2 \cdots y_n} \end{aligned}$$

Observations:

1. If $y_1 = y_2 = \dots = y_n = 1$ then:

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[n]{(1 + x_1)(1 + x_2) \cdots (1 + x_n)} &\geq 1 + \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} \\ (1 + x_1)(1 + x_2) \cdots (1 + x_n) &\geq (1 + \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n})^n \end{aligned}$$

2. If $y_1 = y_2 = \dots = y_n = a$ then:

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[n]{(a + x_1)(a + x_2) \cdots (a + x_n)} &\geq a + \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} \\ (a + x_1)(a + x_2) \cdots (a + x_n) &\geq (a + \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n})^n \end{aligned}$$

3. If $y_1 = \frac{1}{x_1}; y_2 = \frac{1}{x_2}; \dots; y_n = \frac{1}{x_n}$ then:

$$\sqrt[n]{\left(x_1 + \frac{1}{x_1}\right)\left(x_2 + \frac{1}{x_2}\right) \cdots \left(x_n + \frac{1}{x_n}\right)} \geq \sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n}}$$

$$\left(x_1 + \frac{1}{x_1}\right)\left(x_2 + \frac{1}{x_2}\right) \cdots \left(x_n + \frac{1}{x_n}\right) \geq \left(\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n}}\right)^n$$

4. Equality holds for:

$$x_1 = x_2 = \dots = x_n; y_1 = y_2 = \dots = y_n$$

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REFERENCES

[1] Romanian Mathematical Magazine - Interactive Journal, www.ssmrmh.ro

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE "THEODOR COSTESCU", DROBETA
TURNU - SEVERIN, ROMANIA

Email address: dansitaru63@yahoo.com