

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Prove the below closed form

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(x^2)}{1+x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(4x^2)}{1+4x^2} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(9x^2)}{1+9x^2} dx + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{48}$$

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Solution by Togrul Ehmedov-Azerbaijan

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(x^2)}{1+x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(4x^2)}{1+4x^2} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(9x^2)}{1+9x^2} dx + \dots \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(kx)^2}{1+(kx)^2} dx \Bigg|_{kx=y} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy = \int_0^1 \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy + \int_1^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy \\ &= \int_0^1 \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy + \int_0^1 \frac{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{y^2}\right)}{1+y^2} dy = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^1 \frac{dy}{1+y^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \\ I &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\tan^{-1}(y^2)}{1+y^2} dy = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^4}{48} \end{aligned}$$