

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If  $a, b, c > 0$  such that  $\min\{a+b, b+c, c+a\} \geq 2$ , then :

$$2 \left( \sqrt[2]{1, 25^{a+b+c}} - 1 \right) \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{(abc)^2}{(ab+1)(bc+1)(ca+1)}}$$

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*Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India*

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a+b) + (b+c) + (c+a) &\geq 3\min\{a+b, b+c, c+a\} \geq 6 \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a \geq 3 \\
 \Rightarrow \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a}{3} &\geq 1 \Rightarrow 2 \left( \sqrt[2]{1, 25^{a+b+c}} - 1 \right) = 2 \left( \left( \frac{5}{4} \right)^{\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a}{3}} - 1 \right) \stackrel{\text{Bernoulli}}{\geq} \\
 2 \left( 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a}{3} - 1 \right) &= \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a}{6} \stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt[3]{abc}}{2} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \sqrt[3]{\frac{(abc)^2}{(ab+1)(bc+1)(ca+1)}} \\
 \Leftrightarrow (ab+1)(bc+1)(ca+1) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} 8abc \Leftrightarrow a^2b^2c^2 + abc \sum_{\text{cyc}} a + \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab + 1 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 8abc \\
 \text{Now, LHS of } (*) &\stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} (abc)^2 + 3(abc)^{\frac{4}{3}} + 3(abc)^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 8abc \\
 \Leftrightarrow t^6 + 3t^4 + 3t^2 + 1 &\stackrel{?}{\geq} 8t^3 \quad (t = \sqrt[3]{abc}) \Leftrightarrow t^6 + 3t^4 - 8t^3 + 3t^2 + 1 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \\
 \Leftrightarrow (t-1)^2(t^4 + 2t^3 + 6t^2 + 2t + 1) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because t > 0 \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true} \\
 \therefore 2 \left( \sqrt[2]{1, 25^{a+b+c}} - 1 \right) &\geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{(abc)^2}{(ab+1)(bc+1)(ca+1)}} \quad \forall a, b, c > 0 \\
 |\min\{a+b, b+c, c+a\} \geq 2, " = " \text{ iff } a = b = c = 1 \text{ (QED)} &
 \end{aligned}$$