

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If  $\left(a > 0 \text{ and } A = a^2 + a^4 + \frac{1}{a^6}\right)$ , then :

$$1620A \leq 3645 + 5 \left(\frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right)^5$$

*Proposed by Pavlos Trifon-Greece*

*Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India*

$$\begin{aligned} A &\stackrel{?}{\leq} \frac{189 + 5A^3}{108} \Leftrightarrow 5A^3 - 108A + 189 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \\ \Leftrightarrow (A - 3)((A - 3)(5A + 30) + 27) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because A = a^2 + a^4 + \frac{1}{a^6} \\ &\stackrel{A-G}{\geq} 3 \sqrt[3]{a^2 \cdot a^4 \cdot \frac{1}{a^6}} = 3 \therefore 1620A - \left(3645 + 5 \left(\frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right)^5\right) \\ &\leq 1620 \left(\frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right) - \left(3645 + 5 \left(\frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right)^5\right) \stackrel{?}{\leq} 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow t^5 - 324t + 729 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \left(t = \frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right) \\ \Leftrightarrow (t - 3)((t - 3)(t^3 + 6t^2 + 27t + 108) + 81) &\stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because t = \frac{189 + 5A^3}{108} \geq A \\ &= a^2 + a^4 + \frac{1}{a^6} \stackrel{A-G}{\geq} 3 \sqrt[3]{a^2 \cdot a^4 \cdot \frac{1}{a^6}} = 3 \\ \therefore 1620A &\leq 3645 + 5 \left(\frac{189 + 5A^3}{108}\right)^5, \text{'' ='' iff } a = 1 \text{ (QED)} \end{aligned}$$