

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In  $\Delta ABC$  holds:

$$\sum \cos^3 \frac{B-C}{2} \geq \frac{16r}{\sqrt{3}R} \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2}$$

*Proposed by Marin Chirciu-Romania*

*Solution by Tapas Das-India*

$$\prod \cos \frac{B-C}{2} = \frac{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)}{abc} \prod \sin \frac{A}{2} = \frac{s^2 + 2Rr + r^2}{8R^2}$$

$$\sum \cos^3 \frac{B-C}{2} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} 3 \prod \cos \frac{B-C}{2}$$

$$\frac{16r}{\sqrt{3}R} \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2} = \frac{16r}{\sqrt{3}R} \frac{s}{4R} \stackrel{Mitrinovic}{\leq} \frac{48Rr}{8R^2}$$

We need to show:

$$\frac{3(s^2 + 2Rr + r^2)}{8R^2} \geq \frac{48Rr}{8R^2}, \quad s^2 \geq 14Rr - r^2$$

$$s^2 \geq 16Rr - 5r^2 \geq 14Rr - r^2 \text{ (Gerretsen) or } R \geq 2r \text{ (Euler)}$$