

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In  $\triangle ABC$  the following relationship holds:

$$\sum \frac{\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2}}{\sqrt{\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{B}{2} - \tan^2 \frac{A}{2} \tan^2 \frac{B}{2}}} \leq \frac{p\sqrt{2}}{r}$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu-Romania

Solution by Mirsadix Muzefferov-Azerbaijan

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2}}{\sqrt{\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{B}{2} - \tan^2 \frac{A}{2} \tan^2 \frac{B}{2}}} &= \frac{\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2}}{\tan \frac{A}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{B}{2}} \cdot \frac{(\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(1 - \tan \frac{A}{2} \cdot \tan \frac{B}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \\ &= \left( \frac{\cos \frac{C}{2}}{\cos \frac{A}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{B}{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left( \frac{\cos \frac{C}{2}}{\sin \frac{A}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{B}{2}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (\operatorname{ctg} \frac{C}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}} = \\ &= \frac{\cos \frac{C}{2}}{(\sin \frac{A}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{B}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{C}{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{\cos \frac{C}{2}}{\left(\frac{r}{4R}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \left(\frac{4R}{r}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \cos \frac{C}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{4Rr}}{r} \cdot \cos \frac{C}{2} = \\ &= \frac{1}{r} \cdot \sqrt{4Rr} \cdot \cos \frac{C}{2} = \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{\frac{abc}{p}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(p-c)}{ab}} = \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{c(p-c)} \\ \sum \frac{\tan \frac{A}{2} + \tan \frac{B}{2}}{\sqrt{\tan \frac{A}{2} \tan \frac{B}{2} - \tan^2 \frac{A}{2} \tan^2 \frac{B}{2}}} &= \frac{1}{r} \cdot \sum \sqrt{c(p-c)} \stackrel{CBS}{\leq} \\ &\leq \frac{1}{r} \cdot \sqrt{\sum c} \cdot \sqrt{\sum (p-c)} = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \sqrt{2p} \cdot \sqrt{p} = \frac{p\sqrt{2}}{r} \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for  $a = b = c$ .