

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In  $\triangle ABC$  the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{r_a}{b+c-r} + \frac{r_b}{c+a-r} + \frac{r_c}{a+b-r} > \frac{27r}{4s-3r}$$

*Proposed by Mehmet Şahin-Turkiye*

*Solution by Tapas Das-India*

WLOG  $a \geq b \geq c$  then  $r_a \geq r_b \geq r_c$  and  $a+b \geq a+c \geq b+c$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{r_a}{b+c-r} + \frac{r_b}{c+a-r} + \frac{r_c}{a+b-r} \geq \\ & \stackrel{\text{Chebyshev}}{\geq} \frac{1}{3} \left( \sum r_a \right) \left( \sum \frac{1}{b+c-r} \right) \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{>} \\ & > \frac{1}{3} (4R+r) \cdot \frac{(1+1+1)^2}{4s-3r} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \frac{1}{3} \cdot 9r \cdot \frac{9}{4s-3r} = \frac{27r}{4s-3r} \end{aligned}$$