

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In ΔABC the following relationship holds:

$$\sum \frac{m_a}{h_b + h_c} + \sum \frac{h_a}{m_b + m_c} + \frac{h_a h_b h_c R^{2025}}{w_a w_b w_c r^{2025}} \geq 2^{2025} + 2 \sum \frac{m_a^2}{m_b^2 + m_c^2}$$

Proposed by Nguyen Van Canh-Vietnam

Solution by Tapas Das-India

$$\sum \frac{1}{h_a} = \frac{1}{r}, \prod h_a \stackrel{Gm-Hm}{\geq} \left(\frac{1}{\sum \frac{1}{h_a}} \right)^3 = 27r^3 \text{ and}$$

$$\sum m_a \stackrel{Leunberger}{\leq} (4R + r) \leq \frac{9R}{2} \text{ (Euler),}$$

$$\left[\sum \frac{1}{b^2 + c^2} \right] \geq \frac{9}{2 \sum a^2} \text{ (Bergstrom)} \geq \frac{1}{2R^2} \text{ Leibniz}$$

$$2 \sum \frac{m_a}{h_b + h_c} \stackrel{m_a \geq h_a}{\geq} \sum \frac{h_a}{h_b + h_c} \stackrel{Nesbitt \frac{3}{2}}{\geq} \frac{3}{2} \quad (1),$$

$$\sum \frac{h_a}{m_b + m_c} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} 3 \left(\frac{\prod h_a}{\prod (m_b + m_c)} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\geq} 3(27r^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} \frac{1}{\frac{2 \sum m_a}{3}} \geq \frac{9r}{3R} = \frac{3r}{R}$$

$$2 \sum \frac{m_a^2}{m_b^2 + m_c^2} \leq 2 \sum \frac{m_a^2}{h_b^2 + h_c^2} = \frac{2(4R^2)}{4} \sum \frac{2(b^2 + c^2) - a^2}{a^2 c^2 + a^2 b^2}$$

$$= 2R^2 \left[\sum \frac{2}{a^2} - \sum \frac{1}{b^2 + c^2} \right] \leq 2R^2 \left(\frac{2}{4r^2} - \frac{1}{2R^2} \right) \text{ (Steining),}$$

$$\frac{h_a h_b h_c}{w_a w_b w_c} = \prod \cos \left(\frac{A-B}{2} \right) = \frac{s^2 + r^2 + 2Rr}{8R^2} \geq \frac{9r}{4R} - \frac{r^2}{2R^2} \text{ (Gerretsen)}$$

Let $\frac{R}{r} = x \geq 2$ and $m = 2024$, we need to show $\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{x} + \frac{9}{4}x^m - \frac{1}{2}x^{m-1} \geq 2^{m+1} + x^2 - 1$ or $9x^{m+1} - x2^{m+3} + 10x - 2x^m - 4x^3 + 12 \geq 0$,

Let $f(x) = 9x^{m+1} - x2^{m+3} + 10x - 2x^m - 4x^3 + 12$,
 $f'(x) = 9(m+1)x^m - 2^{m+3} + 10 - 2mx^{m-1} - 12x^2$
 $= 2m(x^m - x^{m-1}) + (x^m - 12x^2) + (7mx^m + 8x^m - 2^{m+3}) > 0$ as $x \geq 2$,
 so $f(x)$ increasing. $f(2) = 0$

so $f(x) \geq 0$ or $9x^{m+1} - x2^{m+3} + 10x - 2x^m - 4x^3 + 12 \geq 0$, (true)