

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**In any  $\Delta ABC$ , the following relationships hold :**

$$\textcircled{1} \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{b+c}{a}} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \geq 1 + \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{\cos \frac{A}{2} + \cos \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}}} \text{ and}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{\cos \frac{A}{2} + \cos \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}}} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \geq 1 + \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{b+c}{a}}$$

*Proposed by Nguyen Van Canh-Vietnam*

*Solution by Soumava Chakabarty-Kolkata-India*

$$\prod_{\text{cyc}} \frac{\cos \frac{A}{2} + \cos \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}} = \frac{\left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} \cos \frac{A}{2}\right) \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2}\right) - \prod_{\text{cyc}} \cos \frac{A}{2}}{\prod_{\text{cyc}} \cos \frac{A}{2}}$$

Jensen  $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \cos^2 \frac{A}{2}}{\frac{s}{4R}} \right) - 1 = \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{4R+r}{2R} \right)}{\frac{s}{4R}} - 1 \leq \frac{3\sqrt{3}(4R+r)}{3\sqrt{3}r} - 1$

$$\Rightarrow \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{\cos \frac{A}{2} + \cos \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}}} \leq \sqrt{\frac{4R}{r}} \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\text{Again, } \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{b+c}{a}} = \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B-C}{2}}{4R \cos \frac{A}{2} \sin \frac{A}{2}}} \quad 0 < \cos \frac{B-C}{2} \leq 1 \text{ and analogs} \leq$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{\prod_{\text{cyc}} \sin \frac{A}{2}}} \Rightarrow \prod_{\text{cyc}}^{2025} \sqrt{\frac{b+c}{a}} \leq \sqrt{\frac{4R}{r}} \rightarrow (2)$$

$$\text{Now, } \sqrt[2025]{8} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \stackrel{?}{\geq} 1 + \sqrt[2025]{\frac{4R}{r}} \Leftrightarrow \sqrt[2025]{8} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \stackrel{?}{\geq} 1 + \sqrt[2025]{8} \cdot \sqrt[2025]{\frac{R}{2r}}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow t^{4100625} - 1 \stackrel{(*)}{\geq} \sqrt[2025]{8} \cdot (t-1) \left( t = \sqrt[2025]{\frac{R}{2r}} \right)$$

We have :  $t^{4100625} - 1 = (t-1)(t^{4100624} + t^{4100623} + \dots + 1) \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq}$

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

$$(t-1)(4100624) \geq \sqrt[2025]{8} \cdot (t-1) \left( \because t-1 = \sqrt[2025]{\frac{R}{2r}} - 1 \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 0 \right) \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true}$$

$$\therefore \sqrt[2025]{8} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \geq 1 + \sqrt[2025]{\frac{4R}{r}} \rightarrow (3) \text{ and also,}$$

$$\prod_{\text{cyc}} \sqrt[2025]{\frac{b+c}{a}}, \prod_{\text{cyc}} \sqrt[2025]{\frac{\cos \frac{A}{2} + \cos \frac{B}{2}}{\cos \frac{C}{2}}} \stackrel{\text{Cesaro}}{\geq} \sqrt[2025]{8} \rightarrow (4) \therefore (1), (2) \text{ and } (4)$$

$\Rightarrow$  in order to prove ① and ②, it suffices to prove :

$$\sqrt[2025]{8} + \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^{2025} \geq 1 + \sqrt[2025]{\frac{4R}{r}} \rightarrow \text{true via (3)}$$

$\therefore$  ① and ② are both true  $\forall \Delta ABC, " = "$  iff  $\Delta ABC$  is equilateral (QED)