

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any acute triangle ABC, the following relationship holds :

$$\frac{a}{b+c}\sqrt{\cos A} + \frac{b}{c+a}\sqrt{\cos B} + \frac{c}{a+b}\sqrt{\cos C} < \sqrt{2}$$

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Solution 1 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} a \cos A + b \cos B + c \cos C &= R(\sin 2A + \sin 2B + \sin 2C) \\ &= R(2 \sin A \cos A + 2 \sin A \cos(B-C)) = 2R \sin A (\cos(B-C) - \cos(B+C)) \\ &= 4R \sin A \sin B \sin C = 4R \cdot \frac{4Rrs}{8R^3} \Rightarrow a \cos A + b \cos B + c \cos C = \frac{2rs}{R} \rightarrow (1) \end{aligned}$$

Now, $b+c = 2s - a = s + s - a > s \Rightarrow b+c > s$ and analogs $\rightarrow (2)$

$$\therefore \frac{a}{b+c}\sqrt{\cos A} + \frac{b}{c+a}\sqrt{\cos B} + \frac{c}{a+b}\sqrt{\cos C} \stackrel{\text{via (2)}}{<} \frac{1}{s} \sum_{\text{cyc}} (\sqrt{a \cos A} \cdot \sqrt{a})$$

$$\stackrel{\text{CBS}}{\leq} \frac{1}{s} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \cos A} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a} \stackrel{\text{via (1)}}{=} \frac{1}{s} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2rs}{R}} \cdot \sqrt{2s} = \sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2r}{R}} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\leq} \sqrt{2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{a}{b+c}\sqrt{\cos A} + \frac{b}{c+a}\sqrt{\cos B} + \frac{c}{a+b}\sqrt{\cos C} < \sqrt{2} \quad \forall \text{ acute } \Delta ABC \text{ (QED)}$$

Solution 2 by Tapas Das-India

We know that in any triangle $a+b > c$ or $a+b > \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$,

similarly $b+c > \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$ and $c+a > \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$.

$$\text{Now we have } \sum \frac{a}{b+c} < \frac{2(a+b+c)}{a+b+c} = 2.$$

Back to the main problem,

$$\text{LHS} \stackrel{\text{Chebyshev}}{\leq} \frac{1}{3} \sum \frac{a}{b+c} \sum \sqrt{\cos A} \stackrel{\text{CBS}}{\leq} \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3 \sum \cos A} < \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{9}{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

Note: $\sum \cos A = 1 + \frac{r}{R} \leq \frac{3}{2}$ (Euler) and WLOG $a \geq b \geq c$,

$$\text{so } \cos A \leq \cos B \leq \cos C \text{ and } \frac{a}{b+c} \geq \frac{b}{c+a} \geq \frac{c}{a+b}$$