

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC and $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : n \geq 2$, the following relationship hold :

$$\frac{h_a^n}{w_b^2 m_c (w_b^2 + m_c^2)} + \frac{w_b^n}{m_c^2 h_a (m_c^2 + h_a^2)} + \frac{m_c^n}{h_a^2 w_b (h_a^2 + w_b^2)} \geq \frac{16 \cdot 3^{n-4} \cdot r^n}{81R^5 - 2560r^5}$$

Proposed by Zaza Mzhavanadze-Georgia

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{h_a^n}{w_b^2 m_c (w_b^2 + m_c^2)} + \frac{w_b^n}{m_c^2 h_a (m_c^2 + h_a^2)} + \frac{m_c^n}{h_a^2 w_b (h_a^2 + w_b^2)} \\ \geq & \frac{h_a^n}{m_b^2 m_c (m_b^2 + m_c^2)} + \frac{h_b^n}{m_c^2 m_a (m_c^2 + m_a^2)} + \frac{h_c^n}{m_a^2 m_b (m_a^2 + m_b^2)} \\ \stackrel{\text{Holder}}{\geq} & \frac{(\sum_{cyc} h_a)^n}{3^{n-2} \cdot \sum_{cyc} (m_b^2 m_c (\sum_{cyc} m_a^2 - m_a^2))} \\ = & \frac{(2rs \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{a})^n}{3^{n-2} \cdot ((\sum_{cyc} m_a^2)(\sum_{cyc} m_b^2 m_c) - m_a m_b m_c \sum_{cyc} m_a m_b)} \\ \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} & \frac{(2rs \cdot \frac{9}{2s})^n}{3^{n-2} \cdot (\frac{3}{4} (\sum_{cyc} a^2)(\sum_{cyc} m_a^3) - m_a m_b m_c \sum_{cyc} h_a h_b)} \\ \stackrel{\text{Leibnitz}}{\geq} & \frac{3^{n-2} \cdot (\frac{3}{4} \cdot 9R^2 \cdot ((\sum_{cyc} m_a)^3 - 3(m_a + m_b)(m_b + m_c)(m_c + m_a)) - m_a m_b m_c \sum_{cyc} \frac{bc \cdot ca}{4R^2})}{3^{n+2} \cdot r^n} \\ \stackrel{\text{Leuenberger}}{\geq} & \frac{27R^2}{4} \frac{((4R + r)^3 - 24m_a m_b m_c) - m_a m_b m_c \cdot \frac{4Rrs(2s)}{4R^2}}{3^{n+2} \cdot r^n} \\ \geq & \frac{27R^2}{4} \frac{((4R + r)^3 - 24h_a h_b h_c) - h_a h_b h_c \cdot \frac{2rs^2}{R}}{3^{n+2} \cdot r^n} \\ = & \frac{27R^2}{4} \frac{((4R + r)^3 - 24 \cdot \frac{2r^2 s^2}{R}) - \frac{2r^2 s^2}{R} \cdot \frac{2rs^2}{R}}{3^{n+2} \cdot r^n} \\ \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen + Euler}}{\geq} & \frac{27R^2}{4} \frac{((4R + r)^3 - 24 \cdot \frac{r^2 \cdot 27Rr}{R}) - \frac{r^2 \cdot 27Rr}{R} \cdot \frac{r \cdot 27Rr}{R}}{4 \cdot 3^{n-1} \cdot r^n} \\ = & \frac{R^2 ((4R + r)^3 - 24 \cdot 27r^3) - 108r^5}{81R^5 - 2560r^5} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{16 \cdot 3^{n-4} \cdot r^n}{81R^5 - 2560r^5} \\ \Leftrightarrow & 27(81R^5 - 2560r^5) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 4(R^2((4R + r)^3 - 24 \cdot 27r^3) - 108r^5) \\ \Leftrightarrow & 1931t^5 - 192t^4 - 48t^3 + 2588t^2 - 68688 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \left(t = \frac{R}{r} \right) \end{aligned}$$

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$$\Leftrightarrow (t - 2)(1931t^4 + 3670t^3 + 7292t^2 + 17172t + 34344) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because t \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2$$

$$\therefore \frac{h_a^n}{w_b^2 m_c (w_b^2 + m_c^2)} + \frac{w_b^n}{m_c^2 h_a (m_c^2 + h_a^2)} + \frac{m_c^n}{h_a^2 w_b (h_a^2 + w_b^2)} \geq \frac{16 \cdot 3^{n-4} \cdot r^n}{81R^5 - 2560r^5}$$

$\forall \Delta ABC$ and $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} : n \geq 2, " = "$ iff ΔABC is equilateral (QED)