

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC , the following relationship holds :

$$27r^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^6 \leq \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \leq \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^6 - 104r^2\right)$$

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Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} &\leq \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{h_a h_b} + \frac{m_b^2 m_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{m_c^2 m_a^2}{h_c h_a} \stackrel{\text{Panaïtopol}}{\leq} \\ &\left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} m_b m_c \leq \frac{R^2}{4r^2} \cdot \sum_{\text{cyc}} m_a^2 \stackrel{\text{Panaïtopol}}{\leq} \frac{R^2}{4r^2} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot 9R^2 \\ &\therefore \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \leq \frac{27R^4}{16r^2} \rightarrow (1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Again, } \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^6 - 104r^2\right) &\stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^2 - 104r^2\right) \\ &= \frac{27(27R^4 - 416r^4)}{16r^2} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{27R^4}{16r^2} \Leftrightarrow 26(R^4 - 16r^4) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because R \geq 2r \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{} \\ &\therefore \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^6 - 104r^2\right) \geq \frac{27R^4}{16r^2} \stackrel{\text{via (1)}}{\geq} \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \\ &\therefore \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \leq \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^6 - 104r^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

Also, $\frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \geq \frac{h_a^2 h_b^2}{m_a m_b} + \frac{h_b^2 h_c^2}{m_b m_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \stackrel{\text{Panaïtopol}}{\geq} \frac{4r^2}{R^2} \cdot \sum_{\text{cyc}} h_b h_c$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{4r^2}{R^2} \cdot \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{ca \cdot ab}{4R^2} = \frac{4r^2 \cdot 4Rrs \cdot 2s}{R^2 \cdot 4R^2} = \frac{8r^3}{R^3} \cdot s^2 \stackrel{\text{Mitrinovic}}{\geq} \left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^3 \cdot 27r^2 \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \\ &\left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^3 \cdot 27r^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^3 \Rightarrow \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \geq 27r^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^6 \text{ and so,} \\ &27r^2 \cdot \left(\frac{2r}{R}\right)^6 \leq \frac{m_a^2 m_b^2}{w_a w_b} + \frac{w_b^2 w_c^2}{h_b h_c} + \frac{h_c^2 h_a^2}{m_c m_a} \leq \frac{27}{4} \cdot \left(27R^2 \cdot \left(\frac{R}{2r}\right)^6 - 104r^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

$\forall \Delta ABC, '' = ''$ iff ΔABC is equilateral (QED)