

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**In any  $\Delta ABC$ , the following relationship holds :**

$$\frac{\csc \frac{A}{2}}{\csc \frac{B}{2} + \csc \frac{C}{2}} \cdot (b + c) + \frac{\csc \frac{B}{2}}{\csc \frac{C}{2} + \csc \frac{A}{2}} \cdot (c + a) + \frac{\csc \frac{C}{2}}{\csc \frac{A}{2} + \csc \frac{B}{2}} \cdot (a + b) \geq 6\sqrt{3}r$$

*Proposed by Zaza Mzhavanadze-Georgia*

*Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India*

$\forall A, B, C > 0, (A + B), (B + C), (C + A)$  form sides of a triangle

( $\because (A + B) + (B + C) > (C + A)$  and analogs)  $\Rightarrow \sqrt{A + B}, \sqrt{B + C}, \sqrt{C + A}$  form sides of a triangle with area  $F$  (say) and

$$16F^2 = 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} (A + B)(B + C) - \sum_{\text{cyc}} (A + B)^2 =$$

$$2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left( \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB + B^2 \right) - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB$$

$$= 6 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB + 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB \Rightarrow 4F = 2 \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} AB} \rightarrow (1)$$

Now,  $\forall x, y, z > 0$ ,  $\sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Leftrightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{x^2 y^2}{xy(y+z)(z+x)} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{3}{4}$  (\*)

Via Bergstrom,

$$\text{LHS of (*)} \geq \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} (xy(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy + z^2))} =$$

$$\frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2}{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2 + xyz \sum_{\text{cyc}} x} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{3}{4} \Leftrightarrow \left( \sum_{\text{cyc}} xy \right)^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 3xyz \sum_{\text{cyc}} x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow (2)$$

We have :  $\frac{\csc \frac{A}{2}}{\csc \frac{B}{2} + \csc \frac{C}{2}} \cdot (b + c) + \frac{\csc \frac{B}{2}}{\csc \frac{C}{2} + \csc \frac{A}{2}} \cdot (c + a) + \frac{\csc \frac{C}{2}}{\csc \frac{A}{2} + \csc \frac{B}{2}} \cdot (a + b)$

$$= \frac{x}{y+z} (B + C) + \frac{y}{z+x} (C + A) + \frac{z}{x+y} (A + B)$$

$$\left( x = \csc \frac{A}{2}, y = \csc \frac{B}{2}, z = \csc \frac{C}{2}, A = a, B = b, C = c \right)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{x}{y+z} \cdot \sqrt{B+C}^2 + \frac{y}{z+x} \cdot \sqrt{C+A}^2 + \frac{z}{x+y} \cdot \sqrt{A+B}^2 \stackrel{\text{Oppenheim}}{\geq} \\
 4F. \quad &\sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{\text{via (1) and (2)}}{\geq} 2 \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} AB} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab} \\
 &\stackrel{\text{Gordon}}{\geq} \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{4\sqrt{3}rs} \stackrel{\text{Mitrinovic}}{\geq} 6 \cdot \sqrt{3\sqrt{3}r^2} = 6\sqrt{3}r \\
 \therefore &\frac{\csc \frac{A}{2}}{\csc \frac{B}{2} + \csc \frac{C}{2}} \cdot (b+c) + \frac{\csc \frac{B}{2}}{\csc \frac{C}{2} + \csc \frac{A}{2}} \cdot (c+a) + \frac{\csc \frac{C}{2}}{\csc \frac{A}{2} + \csc \frac{B}{2}} \cdot (a+b) \geq 6\sqrt{3}r \\
 &\forall \Delta ABC, " = " \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$