

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**In any  $\Delta ABC$  and  $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$ , the following relationships hold :**

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{a^n}{b^n + c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{b^n}{c^n + a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{c^n}{a^n + b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{h_a^n}{h_b^n + h_c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{h_b^n}{h_c^n + h_a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{h_c^n}{h_a^n + h_b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq 3\sqrt{3}$$

*Proposed by Zaza Mzhavanadze-Georgia*

**Solution 1 by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India**

**$\forall A, B, C > 0, (A+B), (B+C), (C+A)$  form sides of a triangle**

$(\because (A+B) + (B+C) > (C+A) \text{ and analogs}) \Rightarrow \sqrt{A+B}, \sqrt{B+C}, \sqrt{C+A}$  form sides of a triangle with area  $F$  (say) and  $16F^2 =$

$$2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} (A+B)(B+C) - \sum_{\text{cyc}} (A+B)^2 = 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left( \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB + B^2 \right) - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB \\ = 6 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB + 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} A^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} AB \Rightarrow 4F = 2 \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} AB} \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\text{Now, } \forall x, y, z > 0, \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Leftrightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{x^2 y^2}{xy(y+z)(z+x)} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\text{Via Bergstrom, LHS of } (*) \geq \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} (xy(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy + z^2))} = \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2}{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} xy)^2 + xyz \sum_{\text{cyc}} x}$$

$$\stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{3}{4} \Leftrightarrow \left( \sum_{\text{cyc}} xy \right)^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 3xyz \sum_{\text{cyc}} x \rightarrow \text{true} \therefore \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow (2)$$

$$\text{We have : } \frac{a^n}{b^n + c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{b^n}{c^n + a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) \\ + \frac{c^n}{a^n + b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) = \frac{x}{y+z}(B+C) + \frac{y}{z+x}(C+A) + \frac{z}{x+y}(A+B)$$

$$\left( x = a^n, y = b^n, z = c^n, A = \cot \frac{A}{2}, B = \cot \frac{B}{2}, C = \cot \frac{C}{2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x}{y+z} \cdot \sqrt{B+C}^2 + \frac{y}{z+x} \cdot \sqrt{C+A}^2 + \frac{z}{x+y} \cdot \sqrt{A+B}^2 \stackrel{\text{Oppenheim}}{\geq}$$

$$4F \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{\text{via (1) and (2)}}{\geq} 2 \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} AB} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} \cdot \cot \frac{B}{2} \right)}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{s^2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{r_a r_b}} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{s^2 \cdot \frac{4R+r}{rs^2}} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{8r+r}{r}} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore \frac{a^n}{b^n + c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{b^n}{c^n + a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{c^n}{a^n + b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq 3\sqrt{3} \quad \forall \Delta ABC, '' ='' \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}$$

$$\text{Again, we have : } \frac{h_a^n}{h_b^n + h_c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{h_b^n}{h_c^n + h_a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right)$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{h_c^n}{h_a^n + h_b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) = \frac{x}{y+z} (B+C) + \frac{y}{z+x} (C+A) + \frac{z}{x+y} (A+B) \\
& \quad \left( x = h_a^n, y = h_b^n, z = h_c^n, A = \cot \frac{A}{2}, B = \cot \frac{B}{2}, C = \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) \\
& = \frac{x}{y+z} \cdot \sqrt{B+C}^2 + \frac{y}{z+x} \cdot \sqrt{C+A}^2 + \frac{z}{x+y} \cdot \sqrt{A+B}^2 \stackrel{\text{Oppenheim}}{\geq} \\
4F. \quad & \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{xy}{(y+z)(z+x)}} \stackrel{\text{via (1) and (2)}}{\geq} 2 \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} AB \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{\text{cyc}} \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} \cdot \cot \frac{B}{2} \right)} \\
& = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{s^2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{1}{r_a r_b}} = \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{s^2 \cdot \frac{4R+r}{rs^2}} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{8r+r}{r}} = 3\sqrt{3} \\
\therefore & \frac{h_a^n}{h_b^n + h_c^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{h_b^n}{h_c^n + h_a^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{h_c^n}{h_a^n + h_b^n} \cdot \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq 3\sqrt{3} \forall \Delta ABC, \\
& \text{''} = \text{''} \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}
\end{aligned}$$

**Solution 2 by Tapas Das-India**

*Walter Janous inequality : for  $a, b, c$  and  $x, y, z$  be positive real numbers :*

$$\frac{x}{y+z} (b+c) + \frac{y}{z+x} (c+a) + \frac{z}{x+y} (a+b) \geq \sqrt{3(ab+bc+ca)}$$

*Using this solution of (1)&(2)*

$$1) \frac{a^n}{b^n + c^n} \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{b^n}{c^n + a^n} \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{c^n}{a^n + b^n} \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq$$

$$\geq \sqrt{3 \sum \cot \frac{A}{2} \cot \frac{B}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3s^2(r_a + r_b + r_c)}{r_a r_b r_c}} = \sqrt{\frac{3(4R+r)}{r}} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \left(\frac{27r}{r}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$2) \frac{h_a^n}{h_b^n + h_c^n} \left( \cot \frac{B}{2} + \cot \frac{C}{2} \right) + \frac{h_b^n}{h_c^n + h_a^n} \left( \cot \frac{C}{2} + \cot \frac{A}{2} \right) + \frac{h_c^n}{h_a^n + h_b^n} \left( \cot \frac{A}{2} + \cot \frac{B}{2} \right) \geq$$

$$\geq \sqrt{3 \sum \cot \frac{A}{2} \cot \frac{B}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{3s^2(r_a + r_b + r_c)}{r_a r_b r_c}} = \sqrt{\frac{3(4R+r)}{r}} \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} \left(\frac{27r}{r}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3\sqrt{3}$$