

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC , the following relationship holds :

$$\left(\frac{m_a}{w_b} + \frac{w_c}{h_a}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_b}{w_c} + \frac{w_a}{h_b}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_c}{w_a} + \frac{w_b}{h_c}\right)^3 \geq \frac{3 \cdot 2^9 \cdot r^6}{3(9R^3 - 64r^3)^2 - 128r^6}$$

Proposed by Zaza Mzhavanadze-Georgia

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{m_a}{w_b} + \frac{w_c}{h_a}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_b}{w_c} + \frac{w_a}{h_b}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_c}{w_a} + \frac{w_b}{h_c}\right)^3 \stackrel{A-G}{\geq} \\
 & 3 \left(\frac{m_a}{w_b} + \frac{w_c}{h_a}\right) \left(\frac{m_b}{w_c} + \frac{w_a}{h_b}\right) \left(\frac{m_c}{w_a} + \frac{w_b}{h_c}\right) \stackrel{A-G}{\geq} 3 \cdot 8 \cdot \sqrt[3]{\frac{m_a}{w_b} \cdot \frac{w_c}{h_a} \cdot \frac{m_b}{w_c} \cdot \frac{w_a}{h_b} \cdot \frac{m_c}{w_a} \cdot \frac{w_b}{h_c}} \geq 3 \cdot 8 \\
 & \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{3 \cdot 2^9 \cdot r^6}{3(9R^3 - 64r^3)^2 - 128r^6} \Leftrightarrow (9R^3 - 64r^3)^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 64r^6 \Leftrightarrow 9R^3 - 64r^3 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 8r^3 \\
 & \Leftrightarrow R^3 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 8r^3 \rightarrow \text{true} \because R \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2r \therefore \left(\frac{m_a}{w_b} + \frac{w_c}{h_a}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_b}{w_c} + \frac{w_a}{h_b}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{m_c}{w_a} + \frac{w_b}{h_c}\right)^3 \\
 & \geq \frac{3 \cdot 2^9 \cdot r^6}{3(9R^3 - 64r^3)^2 - 128r^6} \forall \Delta ABC, " = " \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$