

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find a closed form:

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{\csc(x)} + \frac{1}{\sec(x)}\right) dx$$

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Solution by Pratham Prasad-India

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{\csc(x)} + \frac{1}{\sec(x)}\right) dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \ln(1 + \sin(x) + \cos(x)) dx = \\ & \quad x = 2u \\ & = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(1 + \sin(2u) + \cos(2u)) du = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2\cos^2(u) + 2\cos(u)\sin(u)) du = \\ & = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2\cos(u)(\cos(u) + \sin(u))) du = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln\left(2\sqrt{2}\cos(u)\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - u\right)\right) du = \\ & = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2\sqrt{2}) du + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(\cos(u)) du + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - u\right)\right) du = \\ & \quad \text{replace } (\frac{\pi}{4} - u) \text{ by } u \text{ in the last integral by } u \\ & = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2\sqrt{2}) du + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(\cos(u)) du + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (\frac{\pi}{4} - u) \ln(\cos(u)) du = \\ & = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2\sqrt{2}) du + 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(\cos(u)) du + \pi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln(\cos(u)) du - 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(\cos(u)) du = \\ & = \frac{12}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} u \ln(2) du + \pi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln(\cos(u)) du = \frac{3\pi^2}{16} \ln(2) + \pi\left(\frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2)\right) = \frac{G\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi^2}{16} \ln(2) \end{aligned}$$