

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find a closed form:

$$\int_0^1 \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \left(\frac{\ln(\sqrt{x})}{x} - \frac{\ln^3(y+1)}{y^3} \right) dx dy$$

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$$I = \underbrace{\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \frac{\ln(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx}_{I_1} - \frac{3\pi}{4} \underbrace{\int_0^1 \frac{\ln^3(y+1)}{y^3} dy}_{I_2}$$

$$I_1 = \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \frac{\ln(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \frac{\ln(x)}{x} dx \stackrel{\ln(x) \rightarrow x}{\cong} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\ln(\frac{\pi}{4})}^{\ln(\pi)} x dx = \frac{x^2}{4} \Big|_{\ln(\frac{\pi}{4})}^{\ln(\pi)} =$$

$$= \frac{\ln^2(\pi) - \ln^2(\frac{\pi}{4})}{4} = \ln(2) \ln\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$I_2 = \int_0^1 \frac{\ln^3(y+1)}{y^3} dy \stackrel{\frac{1}{1+y}=y}{\cong} - \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy = - \underbrace{\int_0^1 \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy}_{I_3} + \underbrace{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy}_{I_4}$$

$$I_3 = \int_0^1 \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) \int_0^1 y^{n-1} \ln^3(y) dy = -3 \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n(n-1)}{n^4} =$$

$$= 3 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{n^3} - \frac{1}{n^2} \right) = 3\zeta(3) - \frac{\pi^2}{2}$$

$$I_4 = \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy \stackrel{y \rightarrow \frac{y}{2}}{\cong} 2 \int_0^1 \frac{y \ln^3\left(\frac{y}{2}\right)}{(2-y)^3} dy$$

$$= \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{2^n} \int_0^1 y^{n-2} (\ln(y) - \ln(2))^3 dy =$$

$$\sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{2^n} \left(\int_0^1 y^{n-2} \ln^3(y) dy - 3\ln(2) \int_0^1 y^{n-2} \ln^2(y) dy + 3\ln^2(2) \int_0^1 y^{n-2} \ln(y) dy - \right.$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 -\ln^3(2) \int_0^1 y^{n-2} dy &= \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{2^n} \left(-\frac{3!}{(n-1)^4} - \frac{3 \ln(2) 2!}{(n-1)^3} - \frac{3 \ln^2(2)}{(n-1)^2} - \frac{\ln^3(2)}{n-1} \right) = \\
 &= -6 \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{n-2}{2^n (n-1)^3} - 6 \ln(2) \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{n-2}{2^n (n-1)^2} - 3 \ln^2(2) \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{n-2}{2^n (n-1)} - \ln^3(2) \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{n-2}{2^n} = \\
 &= 3 \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n}{n^2} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n}{n^3} \right) - 3 \ln(2) \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n}{n} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n}{n^2} \right) - \frac{3 \ln^2(2)}{2} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2^n} - \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n}{n} \right) - \frac{\ln^3(2)}{4} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{2^n} = \\
 &= 3 \left[\text{Li}_3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \text{Li}_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] - 3 \ln(2) \left[\text{Li}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \text{Li}_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] - \frac{3 \ln^2(2)}{2} \left[1 - \text{Li}_1\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] - \frac{\ln^3(2)}{4} \text{Li}_{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \\
 &= 3 \left(\frac{\ln^2(2)}{6} - \frac{\pi^2 \ln(2)}{12} + \frac{7}{8} \zeta(3) - \frac{\pi^2}{12} + \frac{\ln^2(2)}{2} \right) - 3 \ln(2) \left(\ln(2) - \frac{\pi^2}{12} + \frac{\ln^2(2)}{2} \right) - \frac{3 \ln^2(2)}{2} + \\
 &\quad + \frac{3 \ln^3(2)}{2} - \frac{\ln^3(2)}{2} = \frac{21}{8} \zeta(3) - \frac{\pi^2}{4} - 3 \ln^2(2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = \ln(2) \ln\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_2 &= \int_0^1 \frac{\ln^3(y+1)}{y^3} dy = - \underbrace{\int_0^1 \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy}_{I_3} + \underbrace{\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{y \ln^3(y)}{(1-y)^3} dy}_{I_4} = - \left(3 \zeta(3) - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right) + \\
 &\quad + \frac{21}{8} \zeta(3) - \frac{\pi^2}{4} - 3 \ln^2(2) = -\frac{3}{8} \zeta(3) + \frac{\pi^2}{4} - 3 \ln^2(2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I &= \underbrace{\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\pi} \frac{\ln(\sqrt{x})}{x} dx}_{I_1} - \frac{3\pi}{4} \underbrace{\int_0^1 \frac{\ln^3(y+1)}{y^3} dy}_{I_2} = \ln(2) \ln\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{3\pi}{4} \left(-\frac{3}{8} \zeta(3) + \frac{\pi^2}{4} - 3 \ln^2(2) \right) \\
 &= \frac{9}{32} \pi \left(\zeta(3) + 8 \ln^2(2) \right) + \ln(2) \ln\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{3\pi^3}{16}
 \end{aligned}$$