

PP37383

DANIEL SITARU - ROMANIA

If $x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$ then:

$$\frac{(x^{12} + x^6 + 1)(y^{24} + y^{12} + 1)(z^{36} + z^{18} + 1)}{(x^8 + 1)(y^{16} + 1)(z^{24} + 1)} \geq x^2 y^4 z^6$$

Solution by Rousen Pirgulyev - Azerbaijan.

To prove that

$$(1) \quad x^6 - x^5 + x^3 - x + 1 > 0$$

for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

$$1) \quad x < 0, x^6 - x^5 + x^3 - x + 1 \geq 1 > 0 \quad \text{true.}$$

$$2) \quad 0 < x < 1, x^6 + (x^3 - x^5) + (1 - x) > 0 \quad \text{true.}$$

$$3) \quad x \geq 1, x^6 - x^5 + x^3 - x + 1 = x^5(x - 1) + x(x - 1)(x + 1) + 1 = \\ = (x - 1)(x^5 + x^2 + x) + 1 \geq 1 > 0 \quad \text{true.}$$

Take in (1) $x \rightarrow x^2, y^4, z^6$, we have:

$$(2) \quad x^{12} - x^{10} + x^6 - x^2 + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x^{12} + x^6 + 1}{x^8 + 1} > x^2$$

$$(3) \quad y^{24} - y^{20} + y^{12} - y^4 + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{y^{24} + y^{12} + 1}{y^{16} + 1} > y^4$$

$$(4) \quad z^{36} - z^{30} + z^{18} - z^6 + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{z^{36} + z^{18} + 1}{z^{24} + 1} > z^6$$

$$(2) \times (3) \times (4) \Rightarrow LHS > x^2 y^4 z^6$$

□

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE "THEODOR COSTESCU", DROBETA
TURNU - SEVERIN, ROMANIA

Email address: dansitaru63@yahoo.com