

**PP40442**

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If  $x, y, z \geq 0$  then in  $\Delta ABC$  the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{e^x + y + 1}{z + 1} \cdot ab + \frac{e^y + z + 1}{x + 1} \cdot bc + \frac{e^z + x + 1}{y + 1} \cdot ca \geq 8\sqrt{3} \cdot F$$

*Solution by Rousen Pirguliyev - Azerbaijan.*

From the course of math analysis we know that

$$(1) \quad e^x \geq x + 1 \text{ for all } x \geq 0$$

Using (1) and AM-GM, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} LHS &\geq 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{e^x + y + 1}{y + 1} \cdot \frac{e^y + z + 1}{z + 1} \cdot \frac{e^z + x + 1}{x + 1} \cdot (abc)^2} \stackrel{\text{using (1)}}{\geq} \\ (2) \quad &\geq 3 \sqrt[3]{\left(1 + \frac{x + 1}{y + 1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{y + 1}{z + 1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{z + 1}{x + 1}\right) (abc)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Applying AM-GM inequality for

$$(3) \quad \left(1 + \frac{x + 1}{y + 1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{y + 1}{z + 1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{z + 1}{x + 1}\right) \geq 2\sqrt{\frac{x + 1}{y + 1}} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{y + 1}{z + 1}} \cdot 2\sqrt{\frac{z + 1}{x + 1}} = 8$$

We have:

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \stackrel{(3)}{\Rightarrow} 3 \sqrt[3]{8(abc)^2} &\geq 6 \sqrt[3]{(abc)^2} \geq 6 \cdot \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{4F}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3} = \\ &= \frac{24F}{\sqrt{3}} = 8\sqrt{3}F \end{aligned}$$

at the last stage, I have applied the inequality  $(abc)^2 \geq \left(\frac{4F}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3$  (Carlitz, Geometric inequality, O. Bottema, 1968)

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