

PP40563

D.M. BĂȚINEȚU - GIURGIU, DANIEL SITARU - ROMANIA

If $m \geq 0$ then in $\triangle ABC$ holds:

$$\frac{a^m b}{h_a \cdot h_b^m} + \frac{b^m c}{h_b \cdot h_c^m} + \frac{c^m a}{h_c \cdot h_a^m} \geq 2^{m+1} (\sqrt{3})^{1-m}$$

Solution by Rousen Pirgulyev - Azerbaijan.

Applying AM-GM inequality, we have:

$$(1) \quad LHS \geq 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{(abc)^{m+1}}{(h_a h_b h_c)^{m+1}}} = 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{((abc)^2)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{((h_a h_b h_c)^{\frac{1}{3}})^{3(m+1)}}$$

further, we apply the inequality

$$(6.27) \quad (h_a h_b h_c)^{\frac{1}{3}} \leq 3^{\frac{1}{4}} F^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

and

$$(4.14) \quad (abc)^2 \geq \left(\frac{4F}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3$$

(Geometric inequalities, Bottema (1968)), we have:

$$\begin{aligned} 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{((abc)^2)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{((h_a h_b h_c)^{\frac{1}{3}})^{3(m+1)}}} &\geq 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{\left(\left(\frac{4F}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^3\right)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{\left(3^{\frac{1}{4}} F^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^{3(m+1)}}} = 3 \cdot \frac{2^{m+1} \cdot F^{\frac{m+1}{2}} \cdot 3^{-\frac{m+1}{4}}}{3^{\frac{m+1}{4}} \cdot F^{\frac{m+1}{2}}} = \\ &= 2^{m+1} \cdot 3^{\frac{1-m}{2}} = 2^{m+1} \cdot (\sqrt{3})^{1-m} \end{aligned}$$

□

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE "THEODOR COSTESCU", DROBETA
TURNU - SEVERIN, ROMANIA

Email address: dansitaru63@yahoo.com