

PP44733

MIHÁLY BENCZE - ROMANIA

In all triangles ABC holds:

$$\sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{c(a+b-c)} \geq \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2sR}$$

Solution by Daniel Sitaru and Claudia Nănuți.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{c(a+b-c)} &\stackrel{\text{BERGSTRÖM}}{\geq} \frac{(1+1+1)^2}{\sum_{cyc} c(a+b-c)} = \\ &= \frac{9}{2(ab+bc+ca) - (a^2+b^2+c^2)} = \frac{9}{2s^2+2r^2+8Rr - 2s^2+2r^2+8Rr} = \\ &= \frac{9}{4r^2+16Rr} \stackrel{\text{EULER}}{\geq} \frac{9}{4r \cdot \frac{R}{2} + 16Rr} = \frac{9}{18Rr} = \\ &= \frac{1}{2Rr} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2R \cdot 3\sqrt{3}r} \stackrel{\text{MITRINOVIC}}{\geq} \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2Rs} \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for $a = b = c$.

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