

### PP45323

MIHÁLY BENCZE - ROMANIA

In all acute triangles  $ABC$  holds:

$$\prod_{cyc} \left( \sqrt{\frac{a}{\cos A}} + \sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos B}} \right) \geq 16\sqrt{2abc}$$

*Solution by Daniel Sitaru, Claudia Nănuță.*

$$\begin{aligned} \prod_{cyc} \left( \sqrt{\frac{a}{\cos A}} + \sqrt{\frac{b}{\cos B}} \right) &\stackrel{\text{AM-GM}}{\geq} \prod_{cyc} 2 \cdot \sqrt[4]{\frac{ab}{\cos A \cos B}} = \\ &= 8 \sqrt[4]{\left( \frac{abc}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \right)^2} = 8 \sqrt{\frac{abc}{\cos A \cos B \cos C}} \geq \\ &\geq 16\sqrt{2abc} \Leftrightarrow \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos A \cos B \cos C}} \geq 2\sqrt{2} \Leftrightarrow \\ &\Leftrightarrow \cos A \cos B \cos C \leq \frac{1}{8} \\ &\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 8R^2}{8R^2} \leq \frac{1}{8} \\ &a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 8R^2 \leq R^2 \\ &a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \leq 9R^2 \\ &\text{(Leibniz)} \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for  $a = b = c$ .  $\square$

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