

PP45457

MIHÁLY BENCZE - ROMANIA

In all triangles ABC holds:

$$\frac{r_a + r_b}{c} + \frac{r_b + r_c}{a} + \frac{r_c + r_a}{b} = \frac{(r_a + r_b)(r_b + r_c)(r_c + r_a)}{abc}$$

Solution by Daniel Sitaru and Claudia Nănuță.

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{cyc} \frac{r_a + r_b}{c} &= \prod_{cyc} \frac{r_a + r_b}{c} \\ \sum_{cyc} \frac{\frac{F}{s-a} + \frac{F}{s-b}}{c} &= \prod_{cyc} \frac{\frac{F}{s-a} + \frac{F}{s-b}}{c} \\ F \sum_{cyc} \frac{s-b+s-a}{c(s-a)(s-b)} &= F^3 \prod_{cyc} \frac{s-b+s-a}{c(s-a)(s-b)} \\ F \sum_{cyc} \frac{a+b+c-a-b}{c(s-a)(s-b)} &= F^3 \prod_{cyc} \frac{a+b+c-a-b}{c(s-a)(s-b)} \\ \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{(s-a)(s-b)} &= F^2 \prod_{cyc} \frac{1}{(s-a)(s-b)} \\ \frac{1}{(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)} \sum_{cyc} (s-c) &= \frac{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}{(s-a)^2(s-b)^2(s-c)^2} \\ \sum_{cyc} s - \sum_{cyc} c &= s \\ 3s - 2s &= s \\ s &= s \end{aligned}$$

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MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE "THEODOR COSTESCU", DROBETA
TURNU - SEVERIN, ROMANIA
Email address: dansitaru63@yahoo.com