

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Solve for positive real numbers the following system:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} = \frac{6y-x-z-2}{8} \\ \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} = \frac{6z-y-x-2}{8} \\ \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} = \frac{6x-z-y-2}{8} \end{cases}$$

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Solution 1 by Pham Duc Nam-Vietnam

Sum 3 equations we get: $\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} = \frac{4(x+y+z)-6}{8} = \frac{2(x+y+z)-3}{4}$ (1)

Now, we have: $\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{1+y}{8} + \frac{1+z}{8} \stackrel{AM-GM}{\leq} 3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} \frac{1+y}{8} \frac{1+z}{8}} = \frac{3x}{4}$

Similarly, $\frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{1+z}{8} + \frac{1+x}{8} \geq \frac{3y}{4}$, $\frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} + \frac{1+x}{8} + \frac{1+y}{8} \geq \frac{3z}{4}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} + \frac{1+x}{4} + \frac{1+y}{4} + \frac{1+z}{4} \geq \frac{3(x+y+z)}{4}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} \geq \frac{3(x+y+z)}{4} - \frac{(x+y+z)}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2(x+y+z)-3}{4} \quad (2)$$

From (1), (2): $\frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} + \frac{y^3}{(1+z)(1+x)} + \frac{z^3}{(1+x)(1+y)} = \frac{2(x+y+z)-3}{4} \Rightarrow x = y = z$

* Replace $x = y = z$ to the first equation (or any equation) we have: $\frac{x^3}{(1+x)^2} = \frac{2x-1}{4}$

$$\Leftrightarrow 4x^3 - (2x-1)(1+x)^2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 1 = 0 \Leftrightarrow (2x+1)(x-1)^2 = 0 \xrightarrow{x \in \mathbb{R}^+} x = 1 = y = z = 1$$

$\Rightarrow (x, y, z) = (1, 1, 1)$ is the unique solution of the given system of equations.

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Solution 2 by Eric-Dimitrie Cismaru-Romania

Adding the three equations, we obtain $\sum_{cyc} \frac{x^3}{(1+y)(1+z)} = \frac{x+y+z}{2} - \frac{3}{4}$. We prove that

$$LHS \geq RHS$$

The triplets $\{x^3, y^3, z^3\}$ and $\left\{\frac{1}{(1+y)(1+z)}, \frac{1}{(1+z)(1+x)}, \frac{1}{(1+x)(1+y)}\right\}$ are ordered the same. By

Chebyshev's Inequality,

$$LHS \geq \frac{x^3+y^3+z^3}{3} \cdot \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{(1+y)(1+z)} \stackrel{Holder}{\geq} \left(\frac{x+y+z}{3}\right)^3 \cdot \frac{x+y+z+3}{\prod(1+x)} = \frac{3\alpha^3(\alpha+1)}{\prod(1+x)},$$

where $\alpha = \frac{x+y+z}{3}$. Denote $a = x + 1, b = y + 1$ and $c = z + 1$. Then, by AM-GM,

$$(a + b + c)^3 \geq (3\sqrt[3]{abc})^3 = 27abc, \text{ or, in other words,}$$

$$\prod_{cyc}(1+x) \leq \frac{(a+b+c)^3}{27} = \frac{(x+y+z+3)^3}{27} = \left(\frac{x+y+z}{3} + 1\right)^3 = (\alpha + 1)^3. \text{ Therefore, we get}$$

$$LHS \geq \frac{3\alpha^3(\alpha+1)}{(\alpha+1)^3} = \frac{3\alpha^3}{(\alpha+1)^2} \geq RHS = \frac{3\alpha}{2} - \frac{3}{4} \Leftrightarrow \frac{(\alpha-1)^2(2\alpha+1)}{(\alpha+1)^2} \geq 0 \Leftrightarrow LHS \geq RHS.$$

Since $RHS = LHS \geq RHS$, equality holds in all the previous inequalities, which is, $\alpha = 1$ and $x = y = z$, so $S = \{1, 1, 1\}$ is the only solution for the given system of equations.