

# A SIMPLE PROOF FOR MADEVSKI'S INEQUALITY AND APPLICATIONS

DANIEL SITARU, CLAUDIA NĂNUȚI - ROMANIA

ABSTRACT. In this paper we will give a simple proof for Madevski's inequality and a few applications.

## MADEVSKI'S INEQUALITY

If  $x > 1; p \geq 1$  then:

$$(1) \quad (x - 1)^p \leq x^p - 1$$

*Proof.*

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let be } f : (1, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f(x) &= (x - 1)^p - x^p + 1 \\ f'(x) &= p(x - 1)^{p-1} - px^{p-1} = p((x - 1)^{p-1} - x^{p-1}) < 0 \end{aligned}$$

because  $x - 1 < x; (\forall)x > 1$ .

$f$  decreasing on  $(1, \infty)$

$$\sup_{x>1} f(x) = \lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x > 1}} f(x) = \lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x > 1}} ((x - 1)^p - x^p + 1) =$$

$$= (1 - 1)^p - 1^p + 1 = -1 + 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) \leq 0; (\forall)x > 1$$

$$(x - 1)^p - x^p + 1 \leq 0$$

$$(x - 1)^p \leq x^p - 1$$

Equality holds for  $p = 1$ . □

Corollary 1.

If  $x > 1, m, n \geq 1$  then:

$$(2) \quad (x - 1)^{m+n} + x^m + x^n \leq x^{m+n} + 1$$

*Proof.*

By (1):

$$(3) \quad (x - 1)^m \leq x^m - 1$$

$$(4) \quad (x - 1)^n \leq x^n - 1$$

By multiplying (3); (4):

$$(x - 1)^m \cdot (x - 1)^n \leq (x^m - 1)(x^n - 1)$$

$$(x - 1)^{m+n} \leq x^{m+n} - x^m - x^n + 1$$

$$(x - 1)^{m+n} + x^m + x^n \leq x^{m+n} + 1$$

Equality holds for  $m = n = 1$ . □

Corollary 2.

If  $x > 1; m, n, p \geq 1$  then:

$$(5) \quad (x-1)^{m+n+p} + x^m + x^n + x^p \leq x^{m+n} + x^{n+p} + x^{p+m} + 1$$

*Proof.*

By (1):

$$(6) \quad (x-1)^p \leq x^p - 1$$

By multiplying (3); (4); (6):

$$\begin{aligned} (x-1)^m \cdot (x-1)^n \cdot (x-1)^p &\leq (x^m - 1)(x^n - 1)(x^p - 1) \\ (x-1)^{m+n+p} &\leq (x^{m+n} - x^m - x^n + 1)(x^p - 1) \\ (x-1)^{m+n+p} &\leq x^{m+n+p} - x^{m+n} - x^{m+p} + x^m - x^{n+p} + x^n + x^p - 1 \\ (x-1)^{m+n+p} + x^{m+n} + x^{m+p} + x^{n+p} &\leq x^{m+n+p} + x^m + x^n + x^p + 1 \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds for:  $m = n = p = 1$  □

Corollary 3.

If  $a \in \mathbb{R}; m, n \geq 1$  then:

$$(7) \quad (2 + \sin a)^m + 1 \leq (3 + \sin a)^m$$

$$(8) \quad (2 + \sin a)^{m+n} + (3 + \sin a)^m + (3 + \sin a)^n \leq (3 + \sin a)^{m+n} + 1$$

*Proof.*

We take in (1) :  $x = 3 + \sin a > 1$  and we obtain (7). □

We take in (2) :  $x = 3 + \sin a > 1$  and we obtain (8). □

Corollary 4.

If  $m, n, p \geq 1$  then:

$$(9) \quad (e-1)^{m+1} + e^m + e^n \leq e^{m+n} + 1$$

$$(10) \quad (e-1)^{m+n+p} + e^{m+n} + e^{n+p} + e^{p+m} \leq e^{m+n+p} + e^m + e^n + e^p + 1$$

*Proof.*

We take in (2) :  $x = e > 1$  and we obtain (9). □

We take in (5) :  $x = e > 1$  and we obtain (10). □

## REFERENCES

- [1] Romanian Mathematical Magazine - Interactive Journal, [www.ssmrmh.ro](http://www.ssmrmh.ro)

MATHEMATICS DEPARTMENT, NATIONAL ECONOMIC COLLEGE "THEODOR COSTESCU", DROBETA  
TURNU - SEVERIN, ROMANIA

*Email address:* [dansitaru63@yahoo.com](mailto:dansitaru63@yahoo.com)