

If $a, b, c > 0$ and $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = a + b + c$, then :
 $a^2b^2 + b^2c^2 + c^2a^2 \leq ab + bc + ca$

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Assigning $b + c = x, c + a = y, a + b = z \Rightarrow x + y - z = 2c > 0, y + z - x = 2a > 0$ and $z + x - y = 2b > 0 \Rightarrow x + y > z, y + z > x, z + x > y \Rightarrow x, y, z$ form sides of a triangle with semiperimeter, circumradius and inradius = s, R, r (say)

$$\text{yielding } 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = \sum_{\text{cyc}} x = 2s \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = s \rightarrow (1) \Rightarrow a = s - x, b = s - y, c = s - z$$

$$\therefore abc = r^2s \rightarrow (2) \text{ and such substitutions } \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab = \sum_{\text{cyc}} (s - x)(s - y)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab = 4Rr + r^2 \rightarrow (3), \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 = \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \right)^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab \stackrel{\text{via (1) and (3)}}{=} s^2 - 2(4Rr + r^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 = s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2 \rightarrow (4),$$

$$\text{and } \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2 = \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab \right)^2 - 2abc \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \right) \stackrel{\text{via (1),(2) and (3)}}{=} (4Rr + r^2)^2 - 2r^2s \cdot s$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2 = r^2((4R + r)^2 - 2s^2) \rightarrow (5)$$

$$\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2 \leq \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a} \right) \stackrel{\text{via (1),(3),(4) and (5)}}{\Leftrightarrow} (4Rr + r^2)(s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2)^2$$

$$\geq s^2r^2((4R + r)^2 - 2s^2) \Leftrightarrow (4R + 3r)s^4 - 5rs^2(4R + r)^2 + 4r^2(4R + r)^3 \stackrel{(*)}{\geq} 0$$

and $\because (4R + 3r)(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2) \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} 0 \therefore$ in order to prove (*),

it suffices to prove : LHS of (*) $\geq (4R + 3r)(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2)^2$

$$\Leftrightarrow (48R^2 + 16Rr - 35r^2)s^2 \stackrel{(**)}{\geq} r(768R^3 - 64R^2r - 428Rr^2 + 71r^3)$$

Now, $(48R^2 + 16Rr - 35r^2)s^2 \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} (48R^2 + 16Rr - 35r^2)(16Rr - 5r^2)$

$$\stackrel{?}{\geq} r(768R^3 - 64R^2r - 428Rr^2 + 71r^3) \Leftrightarrow 20R^2 - 53Rr + 26r^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (R - 2r)(20R - 13r) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because R \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2r \Rightarrow (***) \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true}$$

$$\therefore a^2b^2 + b^2c^2 + c^2a^2 \leq ab + bc + ca$$

$\forall a, b, c > 0 \mid a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = a + b + c, " = " \text{ iff } a = b = c = 1 \text{ (QED)}$