

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If $a, b, c > 0$ and $a + b + c = 3$, then prove that :

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + \frac{ab + bc + ca}{a^2b + b^2c + c^2a} \geq 4$$

Proposed by Nguyen Hung Cuong-Vietnam

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

Assigning $b + c = x, c + a = y, a + b = z \Rightarrow x + y - z = 2c > 0, y + z - x = 2a > 0$ and $z + x - y = 2b > 0 \Rightarrow x + y > z, y + z > x, z + x > y \Rightarrow x, y, z$ form sides of a triangle with semiperimeter, circumradius and inradius

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{so } 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = \sum_{\text{cyc}} x = 2s \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a = s \rightarrow (1) \Rightarrow a = s - x, b = s - y, c = s - z \\ & \therefore abc = r^2s \rightarrow (2) \text{ and such substitutions } \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab = \sum_{\text{cyc}} (s - x)(s - y) \\ & \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab = 4Rr + r^2 \rightarrow (3), \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 = \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \right)^2 - 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab \stackrel{\text{via (1) and (3)}}{=} \\ & s^2 - 2(4Rr + r^2) \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 = s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2 \rightarrow (4), \text{ and } \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2 \\ & = \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab \right)^2 - 2abc \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a \right) \stackrel{\text{via (1),(2) and (3)}}{=} (4Rr + r^2)^2 - 2r^2s \cdot s \\ & \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2 = r^2((4R + r)^2 - 2s^2) \rightarrow (5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now, } & \frac{\left(9 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 - 2(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a)^2 \right)^2}{9(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a)^2} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2)(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b^2)}{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab)^2} \stackrel{\text{via (1),(3),(4) and (5)}}{\Leftrightarrow} \\ & \frac{(9(s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2) - 2s^2)^2}{9s^2} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{r^2(s^2 - 8Rr - 2r^2)((4R + r)^2 - 2s^2)}{(4Rr + r^2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \Leftrightarrow 9s^6 + (320R^2 + 88Rr + 2r^2)s^4 - r(7488R^3 + 5616R^2r + 1404Rr^2 + 117r^3)s^2 \\ & + 162r^2(4R + r)^4 \stackrel{(*)}{\geq} 0 \text{ and } \because 9(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2)^3 \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} 0 \therefore \text{in order to} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{prove (*), it suffices to prove : LHS of (*)} \geq 9(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2)^3 \\ & \Leftrightarrow (320R^2 + 520Rr - 133r^2)s^4 - r(7488R^3 + 12528R^2r - 2916Rr^2 + 792r^3)s^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ r^2(41472R^4 + 78336R^3r - 19008R^2r^2 + 13392Rr^3 - 963r^4) \stackrel{(**)}{\geq} 0 \text{ and}$$

$$\therefore (320R^2 + 520Rr - 133r^2)(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2)^2 \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} 0 \therefore \text{in order to prove (**), it suffices to prove : LHS of (**)} \geq$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & (320R^2 + 520Rr - 133r^2)(s^2 - 16Rr + 5r^2)^2 \\
 & \Leftrightarrow (1376R^3 + 456R^2r - 3270Rr^2 + 269r^3)s^2 \\
 & \stackrel{(***)}{\geq} r(20224R^4 + 1792R^3r - 45120R^2r^2 + 10444Rr^3 - 1181r^4) \text{ and } : \\
 & \quad 1376R^3 + 456R^2r - 3270Rr^2 + 269r^3 \\
 & = (R - 2r)(1376R^2 + 3208Rr + 3146r^2) + 6561r^3 \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 6561r^3 > 0 \\
 & \therefore \text{LHS of } (***) \stackrel{\text{Gerretsen}}{\geq} (1376R^3 + 456R^2r - 3270Rr^2 + 269r^3)(16Rr - 5r^2) \\
 & \stackrel{?}{\geq} r(20224R^4 + 1792R^3r - 45120R^2r^2 + 10444Rr^3 - 1181r^4) \\
 & \Leftrightarrow 896t^4 - 688t^3 - 4740t^2 + 5105t - 82 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \left(t = \frac{R}{r} \right) \\
 & \Leftrightarrow (t - 2) \left((t - 2)(896t^2 + 2896t + 3260) + 6561 \right) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true } \because t \stackrel{\text{Euler}}{\geq} 2 \\
 & \Rightarrow (***) \Rightarrow (**) \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true } \therefore \frac{9 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 - 2(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a)^2}{3 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a} \geq \frac{\sqrt{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2)(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b^2)}}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab} \\
 & \stackrel{\text{Reverse CBS}}{\geq} \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab} \stackrel{a+b+c=3}{\Rightarrow} \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 - 2 \geq \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab} \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 + \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b} \\
 & \geq 2 + \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab} + \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ab}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 b} \stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} 2 + 2 = 4 \therefore a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + \frac{ab + bc + ca}{a^2 b + b^2 c + c^2 a} \geq 4 \\
 & \quad \forall a, b, c > 0 \mid a + b + c = 3, " = " \text{ iff } a = b = c = 1 \text{ (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$