

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In $\triangle ABC$ the following relationship holds:

$$\frac{1 - \cos(B - C)}{h_a} + \frac{1 - \cos(C - A)}{h_b} + \frac{1 - \cos(A - B)}{h_c} = \frac{R - 2r}{Rr}$$

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Solution by Daniel Sitaru-Romania

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{cyc} \frac{1 - \cos(B - C)}{h_a} &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{h_a} - \sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos(B - C)}{h_a} = \\ &= \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{\frac{2F}{a}} - \sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos(B - C)}{\frac{2F}{a}} = \frac{1}{2F} \sum_{cyc} a - \frac{1}{2F} \sum_{cyc} a \cos(B - C) = \\ &= \frac{2s}{2F} - \frac{1}{2F} \sum_{cyc} 2R \sin A \cos(B - C) = \frac{s}{F} - \frac{R}{F} \sum_{cyc} \sin A \cos(B - C) = \\ &= \frac{s}{rs} - \frac{R}{2F} \sum_{cyc} (\sin(A + B - C) + \sin(A - B + C)) = \\ &= \frac{1}{r} - \frac{R}{2F} \sum_{cyc} (\sin(\pi - 2C) + \sin(\pi - 2B)) = \\ &= \frac{1}{r} - \frac{R}{2F} \sum_{cyc} (\sin 2C + \sin 2B) = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{R}{F} \sum_{cyc} \sin 2A = \\ &= \frac{1}{r} - \frac{R}{F} \cdot 4 \sin A \sin B \sin C = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{R}{F} \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{a}{2R} \cdot \frac{b}{2R} \cdot \frac{c}{2R} = \\ &= \frac{1}{r} - \frac{abc}{F \cdot 2R^2} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{4RF}{F \cdot 2R^2} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{2}{R} = \frac{R - 2r}{Rr} \end{aligned}$$