

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**In  $\Delta ABC$  the following relationship holds:**

$$\prod_{cyc} \frac{\frac{r_a}{r_b} + 1}{\frac{h_a}{h_b} + 1} = \prod_{cyc} \frac{r_a - r}{h_a - r}$$

*Proposed by Dang Ngoc Minh-Vietnam*

**Solution by Tapas Das-India**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{r_a - r}{h_a - r} &= \frac{\frac{F}{s-a} - r}{\frac{2F}{a} - r} = \frac{\frac{r(s-s+a)}{s-a}}{\frac{r(2s-a)}{a}} = \frac{a^2}{(s-a)(2s-a)} = \frac{a^2}{(s-a)(b+c)} \\ \prod_{cyc} \frac{r_a - r}{h_a - r} &= \prod_{cyc} \frac{a^2}{(s-a)(b+c)} = \\ &= \frac{a^2 b^2 c^2}{(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \quad (A) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\frac{r_a}{r_b} + 1}{\frac{h_a}{h_b} + 1} &= \frac{\frac{s-b}{s-a} + 1}{\frac{b}{a} + 1} = \frac{a}{a+b} \frac{2s-b-a}{s-a} = \frac{ac}{(s-a)(a+b)} \\ \prod_{cyc} \frac{\frac{r_a}{r_b} + 1}{\frac{h_a}{h_b} + 1} &= \prod_{cyc} \frac{ac}{(s-a)(a+b)} = \\ &= \frac{a^2 b^2 c^2}{(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \quad (B) \end{aligned}$$

**From (A) and (B) we get**  $\prod \frac{\left(\frac{r_a}{r_b} + 1\right)}{\frac{h_a}{h_b} + 1} = \prod \frac{r_a - r}{h_a - r}$