

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**For non-right triangle  $ABC$  the following relationship holds:**

$$\prod_{cyc} \sqrt[6]{\frac{\sin^2 2A}{c^2 - h_a^2}} = \sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos A + \cos B}{2r_c} = \left( \sum_{cyc} \sqrt{\frac{r_a - r}{(r_a + r_b)(r_a + r_c)}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{R}$$

*Proposed by Dang Ngoc Minh-Vietnam*

*Solution by Tapas Das-India*

$$\sin^2 2A = 4 \sin^2 A (1 - \sin^2 A) = \frac{4a^2}{4R^2} \left(1 - \frac{a^2}{4R^2}\right) = \frac{a^2}{4R^4} (4R^2 - a^2) \text{ and}$$

$$c^2 - h_a^2 = c^2 - \frac{b^2 c^2}{4R^2} = \frac{c^2}{4R^2} (4R^2 - b^2)$$

$$\prod_{cyc} \sqrt[6]{\frac{\sin^2 2A}{c^2 - h_a^2}} = \prod_{cyc} \sqrt[6]{\frac{\frac{a^2}{4R^4} (4R^2 - a^2)}{\frac{c^2}{4R^2} (4R^2 - b^2)}} = \prod_{cyc} \sqrt[6]{\frac{a^2 (4R^2 - a^2)}{R^2 c^2 (4R^2 - b^2)}} = \prod_{cyc} \sqrt[6]{\frac{a^2 b^2 c^2}{R^6 a^2 b^2 c^2}} = \frac{1}{R}$$

$$\sum_{cyc} \frac{\cos A + \cos B}{2r_c} = \sum_{cyc} \frac{2 \cos \frac{A+B}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}}{2s \tan \frac{c}{2}} = \frac{1}{2s} \sum_{cyc} \frac{2 \cos \frac{A+B}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}}{2 \tan \frac{c}{2}} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2s} \sum_{cyc} \frac{2 \sin \frac{c}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}}{2 \tan \frac{c}{2}} = \sum_{cyc} \frac{2 \cos \frac{c}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2}}{2s} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2s} \sum_{cyc} 2 \sin \frac{A+B}{2} \cos \frac{A-B}{2} = \frac{1}{2s} \sum_{cyc} (\sin A + \sin B) = \frac{2}{2s} \cdot \frac{s}{R} = \frac{1}{R}$$

$$r_a - r = r \left( \frac{s}{s-a} - 1 \right) = \frac{ar}{s-a}$$

$$r_a + r_b = F \left( \frac{1}{s-a} + \frac{1}{s-b} \right) = \frac{F(2s-a-b)}{(s-a)(s-b)} = \frac{Fc}{(s-a)(s-b)} \text{ and}$$

$$r_a + r_c = \frac{bF}{(s-a)(s-c)}, \text{ using above result we get}$$

$$\frac{r_a - r}{(r_a + r_b)(r_a + r_c)} = \frac{ar}{bcs} = \frac{a^2 r}{abcs} = \frac{a^2}{4Rs^2}$$

$$\left( \sum_{cyc} \sqrt{\frac{r_a - r}{(r_a + r_b)(r_a + r_c)}} \right)^2 = \left( \sum_{cyc} \frac{a}{2s\sqrt{R}} \right)^2 = \frac{\frac{1}{R}(a+b+c)^2}{4s^2} = \frac{1}{R}$$