

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC , the following relationship holds :

$$\frac{3a+b}{2a+c} + \frac{3b+c}{2b+a} + \frac{3c+a}{2c+b} \geq 4$$

Proposed by Nguyen Hung Cuong-Vietnam

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3a+b}{2a+c} + \frac{3b+c}{2b+a} + \frac{3c+a}{2c+b} \geq 4 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & (3a+b)(2b+a)(2c+b) + (3b+c)(2c+b)(2a+c) \\
 & + (3c+a)(2a+c)(2b+a) \geq 4(2a+c)(2b+a)(2c+b) \\
 \text{expanding and re-arranging} \Rightarrow & 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^3 + 6abc \geq \sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2b + 3 \sum_{\text{cyc}} ab^2 \\
 \Leftrightarrow & 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} (y+z)^3 + 6(x+y)(y+z)(z+x) \\
 \geq & \sum_{\text{cyc}} ((y+z)^2(z+x)) + 3 \sum_{\text{cyc}} ((y+z)(z+x)^2) \\
 & \text{expanding and re-arranging} \\
 (\mathbf{a = y+z, b = z+x, c = x+y}) \Leftrightarrow & \\
 \sum_{\text{cyc}} x^2y + 3 \sum_{\text{cyc}} xy^2 \geq & 12xyz \rightarrow \text{true} \because \sum_{\text{cyc}} x^2y \stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} 3xyz \text{ and } \sum_{\text{cyc}} xy^2 \stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} 3xyz \\
 \therefore \frac{3a+b}{2a+c} + \frac{3b+c}{2b+a} + \frac{3c+a}{2c+b} \geq & 4 \forall \Delta ABC, ''='' \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$