## ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In  $\triangle ABC$ , I —incenter, the following relationship holds:

$$\sqrt{abc - aIA^2} + \sqrt{abc - bIB^2} + \sqrt{abc - cIC^2} \le \sqrt{6abc}$$

Proposed by Nguyen Hung Cuong-Vietnam

Solution by Tapas Das-India

$$\sum aIA^{2} = \sum \left(\frac{abc(s-a)}{s}\right) = abc \sum \frac{s-a}{s} = abc (1)$$

$$\sqrt{abc-aIA^{2}} + \sqrt{abc-bIB^{2}} + \sqrt{abc-cIC^{2}} \stackrel{CBS}{\leq}$$

$$\leq \sqrt{3\left(3abc - \sum aIA^{2}\right)} \stackrel{(1)}{=} \sqrt{\left(3(3abc - abc)\right)} = \sqrt{6abc}$$

Equality holds for a = b = c