

**Prove that:**

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \sqrt{\cosh^2(x) - 1} dx = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

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**Solution by Amin Hajiyev-Azerbaijan**

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \sqrt{\cosh^2(x) - 1} dx = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \sinh(x) dx \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x^2}}{2} (e^x - e^{-x}) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2+x} dx - \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2-x} dx \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}} dx - \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{4}} dx \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{2} e^{\frac{1}{4}} \left( \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} dx - \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} dx \right) = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2} (\sigma_1 - \sigma_2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_1 &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} [\operatorname{erf}\left(x - \frac{1}{2}\right)]_0^{\infty} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left[ \operatorname{erf}(\infty) - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right] = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left( 1 + \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \\ \sigma_2 &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} [\operatorname{erf}\left(x + \frac{1}{2}\right)]_0^{\infty} = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left( \operatorname{erf}(\infty) - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} \left( 1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \\ \sigma &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \sqrt{\cosh^2(x) - 1} dx = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}}}{2} (\sigma_1 - \sigma_2) = \frac{e^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\pi}}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

**Notes:**

**Error function:**  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-z^2} dz = \operatorname{erf}[z]; \operatorname{erf}(\pm\infty) = \pm 1; \operatorname{erf}(\pm a) = \pm \operatorname{erf}(a)$