

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find a closed form:

$$\Omega = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 y^2 z \log(xyz)}{1 - x^2 y^2 z^2} dx dy dz$$

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Solution by Togrul Ehmedov-Azerbaijan

$$\Omega = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 y^2 z \log(xyz)}{1 - x^2 y^2 z^2} dx dy dz = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 xy(xyz)^{2k+1} \log(xyz) dx dy dz$$

Let  $xyz = m$

$$\Omega = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^{xy} m^{2k+1} \log(m) dm dy dx \stackrel{\text{IBP}}{=}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{IBP}}{=} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \left\{ \left[ y \int_0^{xy} m^{2k+1} \log(m) dm \right]_{y=0}^{y=1} - \int_0^1 (xy)^{2k+2} \log(xy) dy \right\} dx =$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \int_0^x m^{2k+1} \log(m) dm dx - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (xy)^{2k+2} \log(xy) dy dx =$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left\{ \left[ x \int_0^x m^{2k+1} \log(m) dm \right]_{x=0}^{x=1} - \int_0^1 x^{2k+2} \log(x) dx \right\}$$

$$- \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} \int_0^x p^{2k+2} \log(p) dp dx =$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 m^{2k+1} \log(m) dm - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 x^{2k+2} \log(x) dx + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \int_0^1 x^{2k+2} \log^2(x) dx =$$

$$= - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+2)^2} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+3)^2} + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+3)^3} =$$

$$= - \frac{1}{4} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(k+1)^2} + \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+1)^2} - 1 \right) + 2 \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k+1)^3} - 1 \right) =$$

$$= - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \left( \frac{\pi^2}{8} - 1 \right) + 2 \left( \frac{7}{8} \zeta(3) - 1 \right) = \frac{\pi^2}{12} + \frac{7}{4} \zeta(3) - 3 = \frac{1}{2} \zeta(2) + \frac{7}{4} \zeta(3) - 3$$