

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**Find a closed form:**

$$I = \int_e^{e^2} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\log_x(y^x) + \log_y(x^y)}{\sqrt{xy}} dx dy$$

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$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int_e^{e^2} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\log_x(y^x) + \log_y(x^y)}{\sqrt{xy}} dx dy = \int_e^{e^2} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\frac{x \ln(y)}{\ln(x)} + \frac{y \ln(x)}{\ln(y)}}{\sqrt{xy}} dx dy \\ I &= \int_e^{e^2} \int_e^{e^2} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x} \ln(y)}{\sqrt{y} \ln(x)} + \frac{\sqrt{y} \ln(x)}{\sqrt{x} \ln(y)} \right) dx dy = \stackrel{\text{by symmetry}}{=} 2 \int_e^{e^2} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\sqrt{x} \ln(y)}{\sqrt{y} \ln(x)} dx dy \\ &= 2 \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\ln(x)} \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\ln(y)}{\sqrt{y}} dy = 2 I_1 \times I_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$I_1 = \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\ln(x)} dx = \stackrel{\ln(x)=t}{=} \int_1^2 \frac{e^{\frac{3t}{2}}}{t} dt = Ei\left[\frac{3x}{2}\right]_1^2 = Ei(3) - Ei\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= \int_e^{e^2} \frac{\ln(y)}{\sqrt{y}} dy = \stackrel{IBP}{=} [2\sqrt{y} \ln(y)]_e^{e^2} - \int_e^{e^2} \frac{2}{\sqrt{y}} dy = [2\sqrt{y} \ln(y) - 4\sqrt{y}]_e^{e^2} = 2\sqrt{e} \\ I &= 2I_1 \times I_2 = 4\sqrt{e} \left( Ei(3) - Ei\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

*Note section :*

$$\int \left( \frac{e^{ax}}{x} \right) dx = Ei(ax) + c$$