

Find:

$$\Omega = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\log n + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - (1 + x^2)^{H_n - 1}}{x^2})$$

Proposed by Khaled Abd Imouti-Damascus-Syria

Solution by Amin Hajiyev-Azerbaijan

$$\Omega = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\log(n) + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - (1 + x^2)^{H_n - 1}}{x^2}) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\log(n) + f(n))$$

$$f(n) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 + x^2 - (1 + x^2)^{H_n}}{x^2(1 + x^2)} \quad \{1 + x^2 = t, \quad x^2 = t - 1\}$$

$$f(n) = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{t - t^{H_n}}{t^2 - t} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(t - t^{H_n})}{\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(t^2 - t)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - H_n t^{H_n - 1}}{2t - 1} = 1 - H_n$$

$$\Omega = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\log(n) - H_n + 1) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\log(n) - \ln(n) - \gamma - \frac{1}{2n} + \xi_n + 1 \right) = 1 - \gamma$$

$$\left\{ 0 \leq \xi_n \leq \frac{1}{8n^2} \quad n \rightarrow \infty \quad \xi_n \rightarrow 0 \right\}$$