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If $a > \frac{1}{2}$, $b > \frac{1}{4}$, $c > \frac{1}{3}$, prove the inequality

$$\frac{3a^2}{4b-1} + \frac{2b^2}{9c-3} + \frac{c^2}{2a-1} \geq 2. \text{ In what case is equality possible?}$$

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Let $x := 3a + 2b + 3c$. By CBS inequality, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3a^2}{4b-1} + \frac{2b^2}{9c-3} + \frac{c^2}{2a-1} &\geq \frac{(3a+2b+3c)^2}{3(4b-1) + 2(9c-3) + 9(2a-1)} = \\ &= \frac{x^2}{6(x-3)} = 2 + \frac{(x-6)^2}{6(x-3)} \geq 2 \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds when $3a + 2b + 3c = x = 6$ and

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{a}{4b-1} = \frac{b}{9c-3} = \frac{c}{3(2a-1)} &= \frac{3 \cdot a + 2 \cdot b + 3 \cdot c}{3 \cdot (4b-1) + 2 \cdot (9c-3) + 3 \cdot 3(2a-1)} = \\ &= \frac{x}{6x-18} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ then } a = \frac{17}{21}, b = \frac{6}{7}, c = \frac{13}{21} \end{aligned}$$