

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ and $a^3b^3(a^4 + b^4) \geq 2$, then prove that :

$$a^2 + b^2 \geq 2$$

Proposed by Nguyen Hung Cuong-Vietnam

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$a^3b^3(a^4 + b^4) \geq 2 > 0 \text{ and } \because a^4 + b^4 > 0 \ (a^4 + b^4 \neq 0) \therefore a^3b^3 > 0 \\ \Rightarrow ab > 0 \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\text{Now, } \forall x, y \in \mathbb{R}, (x + y)^4 = (x^2 + y^2 + 2xy)^2 \geq 4(x^2 + y^2)(2xy)$$

$$(\because (m + n)^2 \geq 4mn \ \forall m, n \in \mathbb{R}) \therefore \text{choosing } x \equiv a^2, y \equiv b^2,$$

$$(a^2 + b^2)^4 \geq 4(a^4 + b^4)(2a^2b^2) \rightarrow (i) \text{ and } a^2 + b^2 \geq 2ab \rightarrow (ii)$$

$$\text{and } \because ab > 0 \text{ via (1)} \therefore (i). (ii) \Rightarrow (a^2 + b^2)^5 \geq 16a^3b^3(a^4 + b^4) \stackrel{a^3b^3(a^4+b^4) \geq 2}{\geq} 32$$

$$\therefore a^2 + b^2 \geq 2 \ \forall a, b \in \mathbb{R} \mid a^3b^3(a^4 + b^4) \geq 2,$$

$$" = " \text{ iff } (a = b = 1) \text{ or } (a = b = -1) \text{ (QED)}$$