

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

SP.554 Find:

$$\Omega = \int \frac{8x - 1}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx; x \in (0, \infty)$$

*Proposed by Daniel Sitaru – Romania*

**Solution 1 by proposer**

$$\begin{aligned}\Omega &= \int \frac{8x - 1}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{7(8x - 1)}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{56x - 7}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{8e^{8x} + 56x - 8e^{8x} - 7}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{8(e^{8x} + 7x)}{e^{8x} + 8x} dx - \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{8e^{8x} + 7}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{7} \int 8 dx - \frac{1}{7} \int \frac{(e^{8x} + 7x)'}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \frac{8x}{7} - \frac{1}{7} \ln(e^{8x} + 7x) + C\end{aligned}$$

**Solution 2 by Marin Chirciu-Romania**

$$\Omega = \int \frac{8x - 1}{e^{8x} + 7x} dx = \int \left( \frac{8}{7} - \frac{1}{7} \cdot \frac{8e^{8x} + 7}{e^{8x} + 7x} \right) dx = \frac{8}{7}x - \frac{1}{7} \ln(e^{8x} + 7x) + C$$

Remark:

If  $m \in \mathbb{R}, n \in (0, \infty)$  then find:

$$\Omega = \int \frac{mx - 1}{e^{mx} + nx} dx.$$

Solution.

$$\Omega = \int \frac{mx - 1}{e^{mx} + nx} dx = \int \left( \frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{me^{mx} + n}{e^{mx} + nx} \right) dx = \frac{m}{n}x - \frac{1}{n} \ln(e^{mx} + nx) + C$$