

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

J.2346 If  $m \geq 0, x, y > 0$ , then

$$(x^{2m+2} + 1)(y^{2m+2} + 1) \geq \frac{(x+y)^{2m+2}}{4^m}$$

*Proposed by D.M.Bătinețu-Giurgiu – Romania*

**Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania**

Applying Hölder inequality we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} & \underbrace{(1+1)(1+1)\dots(1+1)}_{2m}(x^{2m+2}+1)(1+y^{2m+2}) \geq \\ & \geq \left( \left( x^{2m+2} \cdot \underbrace{1 \cdot 1 \cdot \dots \cdot 1}_{2m} \right)^{\frac{1}{2m+2}} + \left( y^{2m+2} \cdot \underbrace{1 \cdot 1 \cdot \dots \cdot 1}_{2m} \right)^{\frac{1}{2m+2}} \right)^{2m+2} = (x+y)^{2m+2}. \end{aligned}$$

It results that

$$2^{2m}(x^{2m+2}+1)(1+y^{2m+2}) \geq (x+y)^{2m+2},$$

hence

$$(x^{2m+2}+1)(y^{2m+2}+1) \geq \frac{(x+y)^{2m+2}}{4^m}.$$

Equality holds if and only if  $x = y = 1$ .