

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

**J.2351** If  $m \geq 0, x, y, z > 0$  and  $T, U \in \text{Int}(\Delta ABC), t_a = d(T, BC),$

$$t_b = d(T, CA), t_c = d(T, AB), u_a = d(U, BC), u_b = d(U, CA),$$

$$u_c = d(U, AB), \text{ then:}$$

$$\frac{a^{m+2}x^{m+1}}{(t_a + u_a)^m} + \frac{b^{m+2}y^{m+1}}{(u_b + u_b)^m} + \frac{c^{m+2}z^{m+1}}{(t_c + u_c)^m} \geq 4(xy + yz + zx)^{\frac{m+1}{2}} \cdot F$$

*Proposed by D.M.Bătinețu-Giurgiu – Romania*

**Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania**

$$\text{We have } at_a + bt_b + ct_c = 2F, au_a + bu_b + cu_c = 2F.$$

Applying Radon's inequality and Oppenheim inequality:

$$a^2x + b^2y + c^2z \geq 4F\sqrt{xy + yz + zx} \text{ it follows that:}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^{m+2}x^{m+1}}{(t_a + u_a)^m} + \frac{b^{m+2}y^{m+1}}{(t_b + u_b)^m} + \frac{c^{m+2}z^{m+1}}{(t_c + u_c)^m} = \\ & = \frac{a^{2m+2}x^{m+1}}{(at_a + au_a)^m} + \frac{b^{2m+2}y^{m+1}}{(bt_b + bu_b)^m} + \frac{c^{2m+2}z^{m+1}}{(ct_c + cu_c)^m} = \\ & = \frac{(a^2x)^{m+1}}{(at_a + au_a)^m} + \frac{(b^2y)^{m+1}}{(bt_b + bu_b)^m} + \frac{(c^2z)^{m+1}}{(ct_c + cu_c)^m} \geq \\ & \geq \frac{(a^2x + b^2y + c^2z)^{m+1}}{(4F)^m} \geq \frac{4^{m+1}(xy + yz + zx)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{4^m F^m} = 4(xy + yz + zx)^{\frac{m+1}{2}} \cdot F. \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if  $\Delta ABC$  is equilateral,  $x = y = z$  and  $T, U$  are the circumcenter.