

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

J.2485 If $x, y, z > 0, xyz = x + y + z + 2$ then $xy + yz + zx \geq 12$.

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It is easy to check that the relationship $xyz = x + y + z + 2$ is equivalent to

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} = 1. \text{ Indeed, we have}$$

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} = 1 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$(x+1)(y+1) + (y+1)(z+1) + (z+1)(x+1) = (x+1)(y+1)(z+1) \Leftrightarrow$$

$$xy + x + y + 1 + yz + y + z + 1 + zx + z + x + 1 = xyz + xy + yz + zx + x + y + z + 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow xyz = x + y + z + 2.$$

We denote $a = \frac{1}{x+1}, b = \frac{1}{y+1}, c = \frac{1}{z+1}$; then $a + b + c = 1$ and

$$x + 1 = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{a} - 1 = \frac{1-a}{a} = \frac{b+c}{a}.$$

It results that if $xyz = x + y + z + 2$ then there exist $a, b, c > 0$ such that

$$x = \frac{b+c}{a}, y = \frac{c+a}{b}, z = \frac{a+b}{c}.$$

Using *AM – GM* inequality, it follows that

$$\begin{aligned} xy + yz + zx &= \frac{(b+c)(c+a)}{ab} + \frac{(c+a)(a+b)}{bc} + \frac{(a+b)(b+c)}{ca} = \\ &= \frac{c(b+c)(c+a) + a(c+a)(a+b) + b(z+b)(b+c)}{abc} = \\ &= \frac{a^3 + b^3 + c^3 + (a+b+c)(ab+bc+ca)}{abc} \geq \frac{3abc + 9abc}{abc} = 12. \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c$, that is $x = y = z = 2$.