

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

J.2629 If $a, b, c > 0$ then:

$$\frac{a}{(1936b + 86c)^m} + \frac{b}{(1936c + 86a)^m} + \frac{c}{(1936a + 86b)^m} \geq \frac{(\sqrt{3})^{m+1}}{2022^m} (ab + bc + ca)^{\frac{1-m}{2}}$$

Proposed by D.M.Bătinețu-Giurgiu, Daniel Sitaru – Romania

Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania

Applying Radon's inequality and the known inequality $(a + b + c)^2 \geq 3(ab + bc + ca)$,

it follows that:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a}{(1936b + 86c)^m} + \frac{b}{(1936c + 86a)^m} + \frac{c}{(1936a + 86b)^m} \geq \\ & \geq \frac{a^{m+1}}{(1936ab + 86ca)^m} + \frac{b^{m+1}}{(1936bc + 86ab)^m} + \frac{c^{m+1}}{(1936ca + 86bc)^m} \\ & \geq \frac{(a + b + c)^{m+1}}{(1936(ab + bc + ca) + 86(ab + bc + ca))^m} = \frac{(a + b + c)^{m+1}}{2022^m(ab + bc + ca)^m} \geq \\ & \geq \frac{(\sqrt{3})^{m+1}(ab + bc + ca)^{\frac{m+1}{2}}}{2022^m(ab + bc + ca)^m} = \frac{(\sqrt{3})^{m+1}}{2022^m} (ab + bc + ca)^{\frac{1-m}{2}}. \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if $a = b = c$.