

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

S.2565 Solve for real numbers:

$$\sqrt{3}(2x + 2y + 1) = 2\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 1} + \sqrt{2x^2 + 1} + 2\sqrt{x^2 + 2y^2}.$$

Proposed by Daniel Sitaru, Ileana Duma – Romania

Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania

Applying the known inequality $3(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) \geq (a + b + c)^2$, it follows that

$$\begin{aligned} 3(2x + 2y + 1) &= 2\sqrt{3(x^2 + y^2 + 1)} + \sqrt{3(x^2 + x^2 + 1)} + 2\sqrt{3(x^2 + y^2 + y^2)} \geq \\ &\geq 2(x + y + 1) + (x + x + 1) + 2(x + y + y) = 3(2x + 2y + 1) \end{aligned}$$

We deduce that there is the equality, hence $x = y = 1$.

It easy to check that $x = y = 1$ verify the given equation.