

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

S.2573 If $t \geq 0$ then in any triangle ABC holds:

$$\frac{m_a^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_b m_c})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{a^{t+2}}{h_a^t} + \frac{m_b^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_c m_a})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{b^{t+2}}{h_b^t} + \frac{m_c^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_a m_b})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{c^{t+2}}{h_c^t} \geq 2^{t+2} (\sqrt{3})^{1-t} \cdot F$$

Proposed by D.M.Bătinețu-Giurgiu – Romania

Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania

We have $a h_a = b h_b = c h_c = 2F$.

Applying $AM - GM$ and Carlitz's inequality $(abc)^{2/3} \geq \frac{4}{3}\sqrt{3}F$, it follows that

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{m_a^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_b m_c})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{a^{t+2}}{h_a^t} + \frac{m_b^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_c m_a})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{b^{t+2}}{h_b^t} + \frac{m_c^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_a m_b})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{c^{t+2}}{h_c^t} = \\ &= \frac{m_a^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_b m_c})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{a^{2t+2}}{a^t h_a^t} + \frac{m_b^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_c m_a})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{b^{2t+2}}{b^t h_b^t} + \frac{m_c^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_a m_b})^{t+1}} \cdot \frac{c^{2t+2}}{c^t h_c^t} \geq \\ &\geq \frac{3}{(2F)^t} \left(\frac{m_a^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_b m_c})^{t+1}} \cdot a^{2t+2} \cdot \frac{m_b^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_c m_a})^{t+1}} \cdot b^{2t+2} \cdot \frac{m_c^{t+1}}{(\sqrt{m_a m_b})^{t+1}} \cdot c^{2t+2} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \\ &= \frac{3}{2^t F^t} \left((abc)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)^{t+1} \geq \frac{3}{2^t F^t} \left(\frac{4}{3} \sqrt{3} F \right)^{t+1} = 2^{t+2} (\sqrt{3})^{1-t} \cdot F \end{aligned}$$

Equality holds if and only if the triangle ABC equilateral.