## ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

S.2620 In any triangle ABC with the area F the following relationship holds:

$$(a^2+2)^3+(b^2+2)^3+(c^2+2)^3 \ge 108\sqrt{3}F$$

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## Solution by Titu Zvonaru-Romania

Applying AM - GM inequality, Arkady Alt's inequality

$$(a^2+t^2)(b^2+t^2)(c^2+t^2) \geq \frac{3}{4}t^4(a+b+c)^2$$
 (with equality if and only if

$$a=b=c=rac{t}{\sqrt{2}}$$
), Ionescu-Weitzenbock's inequality  $a^2+b^2+c^2\geq 4\sqrt{3}F$  and

Gordon's inequality  $ab+bc+ca \geq 4\sqrt{3}F$ , it follows that

$$(a^2+2)^3+(b^2+2)^3+(c^2+2)^3 \ge 3(a^2+2)(b^2+2)(c^2+2) \ge$$
  
 $\ge 3 \cdot \frac{3}{4} (\sqrt{2})^4 (a+b+c)^2 =$ 

$$=9(a^2+b^2+c^2+2(ab+bc+ca))\geq 9(12\sqrt{3}F)=108\sqrt{3}F.$$

Equality holds if and only if a = b = c = 1.

## **ARKADY ALT'S INEQUALITY**

If t, x, y, z > 0 then the following relationship holds:

$$(x^2+t^2)(y^2+t^2)(z^2+t^2) \ge \frac{3}{4}t^4(x+y+z)^2$$

with equality if and only if  $x = y = z = \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}$ .

**Proof: We have** 

$$(x^2+t^2)(y^2+t^2) \ge \frac{3}{4}t^2((x+y)^2+t^2) \Leftrightarrow \left(xy-\frac{t^2}{2}\right)^2+\frac{t^2}{4}(x-y)^2 \ge 0.$$

Applying Cauchy-Buniakovski-Schwarz inequality we obtain

$$(x^{2}+t^{2})(y^{2}+t^{2})(z^{2}+t^{2}) \geq \frac{3t^{2}}{4}((x+y)^{2}+t^{2})(t^{2}+z^{2}) \geq$$
$$\geq \frac{3t^{2}}{4}(t(x+y)+tz)^{2} = \frac{3}{4}t^{4}(x+y+z)^{2}.$$

The equality holds if and only if  $x = y = z = \frac{t}{\sqrt{2}}$