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If $a, b, c > 0, a + b + c = 3abc$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}, \lambda \geq 0$, then :

$$\mathbf{n(a + b + c) + \lambda \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{a^{n+1}} \geq 3(n + \lambda)}$$

Proposed by Marin Chirciu-Romania

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} n \in \mathbb{N} &\Rightarrow n + 1 \geq 1 \therefore n(a + b + c) + \lambda \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{a^{n+1}} \\ &= n(a + b + c) + \lambda \sum_{cyc} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a} - 1\right)^{n+1} \stackrel{\text{Bernoulli}}{\geq} \\ &\quad n \sum_{cyc} a + \lambda \sum_{cyc} \left(1 + (n + 1) \left(\frac{1}{a} - 1\right)\right) \\ &= n \sum_{cyc} a + 3\lambda + \lambda(n + 1) \left(\sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{a} - 3\right) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 3(n + \lambda) \\ &\Leftrightarrow n \left(\sum_{cyc} a - 3\right) + \frac{\lambda(n + 1)}{abc} \left(\sum_{cyc} ab - 3abc\right) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \\ &\stackrel{a+b+c=3abc}{\Leftrightarrow} n \left(\sum_{cyc} a - \frac{\sum_{cyc} a}{abc}\right) + \frac{\lambda(n + 1)}{abc} \left(\sum_{cyc} ab - 3abc\right) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{n}{abc} \left(\sum_{cyc} a\right) (abc - 1) + \frac{\lambda(n + 1)}{abc} \left(\sum_{cyc} ab - 3abc\right) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \quad (*) \end{aligned}$$

Now, $3abc = \sum_{cyc} a \stackrel{A-G}{\geq} 3\sqrt[3]{abc} \Rightarrow abc \geq 1 \rightarrow (1)$ and $\sum_{cyc} ab \geq \sqrt{3abc \sum_{cyc} a}$
 $\stackrel{a+b+c=3abc}{=} \sqrt{3abc \cdot 3abc} \Rightarrow \sum_{cyc} ab \geq 3abc \rightarrow (2) \therefore (1) \text{ and } (2) \Rightarrow (*) \text{ is true}$

$\therefore n(a + b + c) + \lambda \sum_{cyc} \frac{1}{a^{n+1}} \geq 3(n + \lambda) \forall a, b, c > 0 \mid a + b + c = 3abc$ and
 $n \in \mathbb{N}, \lambda \geq 0, " = " \text{ iff } n = 0 \wedge a = b = c = 1 \text{ (QED)}$