

# ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $abc(16a^4 + 1)(16b^4 + 1)(16c^4 + 1) \geq 4913$ ,

then prove that :

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \geq 3$$

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$$\begin{aligned} abc(16a^4 + 1)(16b^4 + 1)(16c^4 + 1) &\geq 4913 = 17^3 \\ \Rightarrow a^2b^2c^2(16a^4 + 1)^2(16b^4 + 1)^2(16c^4 + 1)^2 &\geq 17^6 \\ \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{a^2b^2c^2(16a^4 + 1)^2(16b^4 + 1)^2(16c^4 + 1)^2} &\geq 289 \\ \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{xyz(16x^2 + 1)^2(16y^2 + 1)^2(16z^2 + 1)^2} &\geq 289 \quad (x = a^2, y = b^2, z = c^2) \\ \Rightarrow \ln \left( \left( \sqrt[3]{x(16x^2 + 1)^2} \right) \left( \sqrt[3]{y(16y^2 + 1)^2} \right) \left( \sqrt[3]{z(16z^2 + 1)^2} \right) \right) &\geq \ln 289 \\ \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} \ln \sqrt[3]{x(16x^2 + 1)^2} &\geq \ln 289 \quad (\because a, b, c \neq 0 \Rightarrow x, y, z > 0) \\ \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} \ln(x(16x^2 + 1)^2) &\stackrel{(*)}{\geq} 3 \ln 289 \end{aligned}$$

Now,  $f(x) = \ln(x(16x^2 + 1)^2)$  is concave as  $f''(x) = -\frac{1280x^4 - 32x^2 + 1}{x^2(16x^2 + 1)^2} < 0$

$$\begin{aligned} (\because \text{discriminant of } (1280x^4 - 32x^2 + 1) &= 1024 - 5120 < 0) \\ \Rightarrow 1280x^4 - 32x^2 + 1 &> 0 \\ \therefore \sum_{\text{cyc}} \ln(x(16x^2 + 1)^2) &\stackrel{\text{Jensen}}{\leq} 3 \ln(t(16t^2 + 1)^2) \quad \left( t = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{\text{cyc}} x > 0 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{via } (*) \Rightarrow 3 \ln(t(16t^2 + 1)^2) &\geq 3 \ln 289 \Rightarrow t(256t^4 + 32t^2 + 1) \geq 289 \Rightarrow \\ 256t^5 + 32t^3 + t - 289 &\geq 0 \Rightarrow (t - 1)(256t^4 + 256t^3 + 288t^2 + 288t + 289) \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{1}{3} \sum_{\text{cyc}} x \geq 1 \Rightarrow x + y + z \geq 3 \therefore a^2 + b^2 + c^2 \geq 3$$

$$\forall a, b, c \in \mathbb{R} \mid abc(16a^4 + 1)(16b^4 + 1)(16c^4 + 1) \geq 4913,$$

" = " iff  $(a = b = c = 1)$  or  $(a = 1, b = c = -1)$  or  $(a = b = -1, c = 1)$

or  $(a = -1, b = 1, c = -1)$  (QED)