

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

If $a, b > 0$ and $ab = 4$, then prove that :

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^3 + 1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^3 + 1}} \geq \frac{2}{3}$$

Proposed by Nguyen Hung Cuong-Vietnam

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Let } x = \frac{1}{a}, y = \frac{1}{b} \text{ and then : } xy = \frac{1}{4} \text{ and } t = x + y \stackrel{\text{A-G}}{\geq} 2\sqrt{xy} = 2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} \\
 &\Rightarrow t \geq 1 \rightarrow (1) \text{ and now, } \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^3 + 1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^3 + 1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^3} + 1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{y^3} + 1}} \\
 &= \frac{x \cdot \sqrt{x} \cdot \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x(x+1)} \cdot \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}} + \frac{y \cdot \sqrt{y} \cdot \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y(y+1)} \cdot \sqrt{y^2 - y + 1}} \stackrel{\text{Bergstrom}}{\geq} \\
 &\frac{(x+y)^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + x + y} \cdot \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 - (x+y) + 2}} = \frac{t^2}{\sqrt{t^2 - 2xy + t} \cdot \sqrt{t^2 - 2xy - t + 2}} \\
 &\stackrel{xy = \frac{1}{4}}{=} \frac{2t^2}{\sqrt{(2t^2 + 2t - 1)(2t^2 - 2t + 3)}} \stackrel{?}{\geq} \frac{2}{3} \Leftrightarrow 5t^4 - 8t + 3 \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \\
 &\Leftrightarrow (t-1)(5t^3 + 5t^2 + 5(t-1) + 2) \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \rightarrow \text{true} \because t \geq 1 \text{ via (1)} \\
 &\therefore \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^3 + 1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b^3 + 1}} \geq \frac{2}{3} \quad \forall a, b > 0 \mid ab = 4, " = " \text{ iff } a = b = 2 \text{ (QED)}
 \end{aligned}$$