

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC with $\hat{A} \geq 90^\circ$, the following relationship holds :

$$m_a h_a \geq w_a^2$$

Proposed by Dang Ngoc Minh-Vietnam

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} m_a h_a \geq w_a^2 &\Leftrightarrow \left(s(s-a) + \frac{(b-c)^2}{4} \right) \left(s(s-a) - \frac{s(s-a)(b-c)^2}{a^2} \right) \\ &\geq \left(s(s-a) - \frac{s(s-a)(b-c)^2}{(b+c)^2} \right)^2 \\ &\Leftrightarrow -\frac{s^2(s-a)^2(b-c)^2}{a^2} + s(s-a) \cdot \frac{(b-c)^2}{4} - \frac{s(s-a)(b-c)^4}{4a^2} \\ &\geq -\frac{2s^2(s-a)^2(b-c)^2}{(b+c)^2} + \frac{s^2(s-a)^2(b-c)^4}{(b+c)^4} \text{ and } \because (b-c)^2 \geq 0 \therefore \text{it suffices} \\ &\text{to prove : } \frac{1}{4} - \frac{s(s-a)}{a^2} - \frac{(b-c)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{s(s-a)}{(b+c)^2} \left(2 - \frac{(b-c)^2}{(b+c)^2} \right) > 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{a^2 - (b+c)^2 + a^2 - (b-c)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{s(s-a)}{(b+c)^4} \cdot (b^2 + c^2 + 6bc) > 0 \\ &\text{and } \because a^2 \geq b^2 + c^2 \therefore \text{it suffices to prove :} \\ &\frac{2(b^2 + c^2) - (b+c)^2 - (b-c)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{s(s-a)}{(b+c)^4} \cdot (b^2 + c^2 + 6bc) > 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{s(s-a)}{(b+c)^4} \cdot (b^2 + c^2 + 6bc) > 0 \rightarrow \text{true } \therefore m_a h_a \geq w_a^2 \forall \Delta ABC \text{ with } \hat{A} \geq 90^\circ, \\ &\text{" = " iff } \hat{B} = \hat{C} < 45^\circ \text{ (QED)} \end{aligned}$$